These Resources Are Provided By:

BRI
Brothers Redevelopment, Inc.
Housing  Home Maintenance & Repair  Housing Counseling
2250 Eaton Street, Garden Level
Denver, CO 80214
Phone: 303.202.6340  Fax: 303.274.1314
www.brothersredevelopment.org

***CLASS COPY***

You can find these resources on our website:
https://brothersredevelopment.org/housing-counseling/workshop-schedule-info/
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INCOME & EXPENSE WORKSHEETS
# Monthly Income and Expense Worksheet

## Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Gross</th>
<th>Net</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Income #1</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Income #2</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td>1200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Monthly Income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Pension, Public Assistance, SSDI, Child Support, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Income</strong></td>
<td>++3800</td>
<td>+3000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Fixed Monthly Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>New Payments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Mortgage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. 2nd Mortgage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. HOA Dues</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Rent</td>
<td>800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Car Payment/Lease #1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Car Payment/Lease #2</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Car Insurance</td>
<td>110</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Student Loans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Alimony/Child Support</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Child Care/Babysitter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Medical/Dental Insurance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Life Insurance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Cable/Internet</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Trash Pickup</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Variable Monthly Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>New Payments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16. School (tuition, lunch, books, etc.)</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Gas/Electric</td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Water/Sewer</td>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Cell Phone(s)</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Home Phone (including long distance service)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Groceries</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Eating Out</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. Gasoline</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24. Car Expenses (repair, maintenance, oil changes, etc.)</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Bus Fare/Ride Shares/Parking</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. Clothes</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Dry Cleaning/Laundry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Beauty Shop/Barber Shop/Nails</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29. Children's Allowances</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30. Church Tithe/Charitable Giving</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. Out-of-Pocket Medical &amp; Dental Costs/Rx</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Home Repairs/Maintenance</td>
<td></td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Diapers/Formula/Baby Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Cigarettes/Tobacco</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Health Club Memberships</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Payments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37. Credit Cards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card #1</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card #2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card #3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38. Miscellaneous Expenses</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Total Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>New Payments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
<td>2480</td>
<td>3035</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Difference (Income minus expenses)</strong></td>
<td>+/- 520</td>
<td>+/- 520</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>401K</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Checking</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stocks/Bonds</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life Ins. Cash Val.</td>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes
- Gross income and expenses reflect total amounts before any deductions or adjustments.
- Net income and expenses reflect amounts after any deductions or adjustments.
- Variable expenses are subject to change based on individual circumstances.
- The difference between income and expenses is the net amount available for other expenses or savings.
- Assets include checking, savings, stocks/bonds, IRA, 401K, and life insurance cash values.
# Monthly Income and Expense Worksheet

## Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Gross</th>
<th>Net</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Income #1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Income #2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Monthly Income (Pension,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Assistance, SSDI, Child</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Income**

## Fixed Monthly Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>New Payments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Mortgage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. HOA Dues</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Rent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Car Payment/Lease #1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Car Payment/Lease #2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Car Insurance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Student Loans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Alimony/Child Support</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Child Care/Babysitter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Medical/Dental Insurance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Life Insurance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Cable/Internet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Trash Pickup</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Savings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Variable Monthly Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16. School (tuition, lunch, books, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Gas/Electric</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Water/Sewer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Cell Phone(s)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Home Phone (including long</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distance service)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Groceries</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Eating Out</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23. Gasoline</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24. Car Expenses (repair,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>maintenance, oil changes, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25. Bus Fare/Ride Shares/Parking</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26. Clothes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27. Dry Cleaning/Laundry</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28. Beauty Shop/Barber Shop/Nails</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31. Out-of-Pocket Medical &amp; Dental</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs/Rx</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32. Home Repairs/Maintenance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33. Diapers/Formula/Baby Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34. Cigarettes/Tobacco</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35. Health Club Memberships</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36. Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Payments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Credit Cards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Card</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>#1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Miscellaneous Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Total Expenses**

**Difference (income minus expenses)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income</th>
<th>Expenses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+/- $</td>
<td>+/- $</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Checking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stocks/Bonds</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRA</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401K</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life Ins.</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash Val.</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CREDIT

REPORT

INFORMATION
Credit Reports & Solicitations for Credit

As a Colorado resident, you are entitled to one free credit report from each reporting agency per year. Some lenders recommend viewing them twice a year because of identity theft problems. Before you work with a lender it is recommended that you order your credit reports from each of the three major reporting bureaus. This way you will confirm your debts are actually yours and/or see if you need to dispute anything, providing the necessary documents to show payoffs, student loan consolidations, closed accounts, etc.

1. Equifax (EFX)
   PO Box 105873
   Atlanta, GA 30348
   800.685.1111
   www.equifax.com

2. Experian
   PO Box 2104
   Allen, TX 75713
   888.397.3742
   www.experian.com

3. Trans Union
   PO Box 390
   Springfield, PA 19064
   800.916.8800
   www.transunion.com

To stop solicitations of direct marketing and/or telemarketing for credit cards, mortgages, and home equity loans:

- Call 888.5 Opt Out (888.567.8688) or 800.353.0809 to request the credit reporting agencies stop selling or sharing your information. Follow the automated prompts.
- Write to the companies sending you junk mail, saying, “I am disallowing any unauthorized credit inquiries.” Make sure to include name(s), address, SS# and date of birth.
- Register your name(s), address, and SS# every 5 years with: Mail Preference Service Assn. c/o Direct Marketing Assn., PO Box 9008, Farmingdale, NY 11735-9008
- Register your name and phone numbers on the Colorado No-Call list by calling 1-888-249-9097 or on the internet at www.coloradonocall.com

Assistance to Victims of Identity Theft

If you or a friend has been a victim of identity theft contact your local law enforcement agency. Also report the problem to the Federal Trade Commission via phone, 877.IDTHEFT (877.438.4338), or via the Internet, http://www.consumer.gov/idtheft. This site also provides links to numerous consumer education materials.
FAIR
HOUSING
INFORMATION
We Do Business in Accordance With the Federal Fair Housing Law
(The Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988)

It is illegal to Discriminate Against Any Person Because of Race, Color, Religion, Sex, Handicap, Familial Status, or National Origin

- In the sale or rental of housing or residential lots
- In advertising the sale or rental of housing
- In the financing of housing
- In the provision of real estate brokerage services
- In the appraisal of housing
- Blockbusting is also illegal

Anyone who feels he or she has been discriminated against may file a complaint of housing discrimination:
1-800-669-9777 (Toll Free)
1-800-927-9275 (TTY)

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Assistant Secretary for Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity
Washington, D.C. 20410

Previous editions are obsolete
An exempt property will not violate the Fair Housing Act if it includes families with children, but it does not have to do so. Of course, the property must meet the Act’s requirements that at least 80 percent of its occupied units have at least one occupant who is 55 or older, and that it publish and follow policies and procedures that demonstrate an intent to be 55 and older housing.

A Department of Housing and Urban Development rule published in the April 2, 1999, Federal Register implements the Housing for Older Persons Act of 1995, and explains in detail those provisions of the Fair Housing Act that pertain to senior housing.

2. Changes were made to enhance law enforcement, including making amendments to criminal penalties in section 901 of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 for violating the Fair Housing Act.

3. Changes were made to provide incentives for self-testing by lenders for discrimination under the Fair Housing Act and the Equal Credit Opportunity Act. See Title II, subtitle D of the Omnibus Consolidated Appropriations Act, 1997, P.L. 104 - 208 (9/30/96).

Basic Facts About the Fair Housing Act

What Housing Is Covered?

The Fair Housing Act covers most housing. In some circumstances, the Act exempts owner-occupied buildings with no more than four units, single-family housing sold or rented without the use of a broker, and housing operated by organizations and private clubs that limit occupancy to members.

What Is Prohibited?

In the Sale and Rental of Housing - No one may take any of the following actions based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status or handicap:

- Refuse to rent or sell housing
- Refuse to negotiate for housing
- Make housing unavailable
- Deny a dwelling
- Set different terms, conditions or privileges for sale or rental of a dwelling
- Provide different housing services or facilities
- Falsely deny that housing is available for inspection, sale, or rental
- For profit, persuade owners to sell or rent (blockbusting) or
- Deny anyone access to or membership in a facility or service (such as a multiple listing service) related to the sale or rental of housing.

In Mortgage Lending - No one may take any of the following actions based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status or handicap (disability):

- Refuse to make a mortgage loan
- Refuse to provide information regarding loans
- Impose different terms or conditions on a loan, such as different interest rates, points, or fees
Fair Housing – It’s Your Right

Fair Housing Act

HUD has played a lead role in administering the Fair Housing Act since its adoption in 1968. The 1988 amendments, however, have greatly increased the Department’s enforcement role. First, the newly protected classes have proven significant sources of new complaints. Second, HUD’s expanded enforcement role took the Department beyond investigation and conciliation into the area of mandatory enforcement.

Complaints filed with HUD are investigated by the Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity (FHEO). If the complaint is not successfully conciliated, FHEO determines whether reasonable cause exists to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred. Where reasonable cause is found, the parties to the complaint are notified by HUD’s issuance of a Determination, as well as a Charge of Discrimination, and a hearing is scheduled before a HUD administrative law judge. Either party - complainant or respondent - may cause the HUD-scheduled administrative proceeding to be terminated by electing instead to have the matter litigated in Federal court. Whenever a party has so elected, the Department of Justice takes over HUD’s role as counsel seeking resolution of the charge on behalf of aggrieved persons, and the matter proceeds as a civil action. Either form of action - the ALJ proceeding or the civil action in Federal court - is subject to review in the U.S. Court of Appeals.

Significant Recent Changes

1. The Housing for Older Persons Act of 1995 (HOAP) makes several changes to the 55 and older exemption. Since the 1988 Amendments, the Fair Housing Act has exempted from its familial status provisions properties that satisfy the Act’s 55 and older housing condition.

First, it eliminates the requirement that 55 and older housing have significant facilities and services designed for the elderly. Second, HOPA establishes a good faith reliance immunity from damages for persons who in good faith believe that the 55 and older exemption applies to a particular property, if they do not actually know that the property is not eligible for the exemption and if the property has formally stated in writing that it qualifies for the exemption. HOPA retains the requirement that senior housing must have one person who is 55 years of age or older living in at least 80 percent of its occupied units. It also still requires that senior housing publish and follow policies and procedures that demonstrate an intent to be housing for persons 55 and older.
- Discriminate in appraising property
- Refuse to purchase a loan or
- Set different terms or conditions for purchasing a loan.

In Addition - It is illegal for anyone to:

- Threaten, coerce, intimidate or interfere with anyone exercising a fair housing right or assisting others who exercise that right
- Advertise or make any statement that indicates a limitation or preference based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, or handicap. This prohibition against discriminatory advertising applies to single-family and owner-occupied housing that is otherwise exempt from the Fair Housing Act.

Additional Protection If You Have a Disability

If you or someone associated with you:

- Have a physical or mental disability (including hearing, mobility and visual impairments, chronic alcoholism, chronic mental illness, AIDS, AIDS Related Complex and mental retardation) that substantially limits one or more major life activities
- Have a record of such a disability or
- Are regarded as having such a disability

Your landlord may not:

- Refuse to let you make reasonable modifications to your dwelling or common use areas, at your expense, if necessary for the disabled person to use the housing. (Where reasonable, the landlord may permit changes only if you agree to restore the property to its original condition when you move.)
- Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies, practices or services if necessary for the disabled person to use the housing.

Example: A building with a no pets policy must allow a visually impaired tenant to keep a guide dog.

Example: An apartment complex that offers tenants ample, unassigned parking must honor a request from a mobility-impaired tenant for a reserved space near her apartment if necessary to assure that she can have access to her apartment.

However, housing need not be made available to a person who is a direct threat to the health or safety of others or who currently uses illegal drugs.

Requirements for New Buildings

In buildings that are ready for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, and have an elevator and four or more units:

- Public and common areas must be accessible to persons with disabilities
- Doors and hallways must be wide enough for wheelchairs
- All units must have:
An accessible route into and through the unit
Accessible light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats and other environmental controls
Reinforced bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars and
Kitchens and bathrooms that can be used by people in wheelchairs.

If a building with four or more units has no elevator and will be ready for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, these standards apply to ground floor units.

These requirements for new buildings do not replace any more stringent standards in State or local law.

**Housing Opportunities for Families**

Unless a building or community qualifies as housing for older persons, it may not discriminate based on familial status. That is, it may not discriminate against families in which one or more children under 18 live with:

- A parent
- A person who has legal custody of the child or children or
- The designee of the parent or legal custodian, with the parent or custodian's written permission.

Familial status protection also applies to pregnant women and anyone securing legal custody of a child under 18.

Exemption: Housing for older persons is exempt from the prohibition against familial status discrimination if:

- The HUD Secretary has determined that it is specifically designed for and occupied by elderly persons under a Federal, State or local government program or
- It is occupied solely by persons who are 62 or older or
- It houses at least one person who is 55 or older in at least 80 percent of the occupied units, and adheres to a policy that demonstrates an intent to house persons who are 55 or older.

A transition period permits residents on or before September 13, 1988, to continue living in the housing, regardless of their age, without interfering with the exemption.

**If You Think Your Rights Have Been Violated**

HUD is ready to help with any problem of housing discrimination. If you think your rights have been violated, the **Housing Discrimination Complaint Form** is available for you to download, complete and return, or complete online and submit, or you may write HUD a letter, or telephone the **HUD Office** nearest you. You have one year after an alleged violation to file a complaint with HUD, but you should file it as soon as possible.
What to Tell HUD:

- Your name and address
- The name and address of the person your complaint is against (the respondent)
- The address or other identification to the housing involved
- A short description to the alleged violation (the event that caused you to believe your rights were violated)
- The date(s) to the alleged violation

Where to Write or Call:

Send the Housing Discrimination Complaint Form or a letter to the HUD Office nearest you or you may call that office directly.

If You Are Disabled:

HUD also provides -

- A toll-free TTY phone for the hearing impaired: 1-800-927-9275.
- Interpreters
- Tapes and braille materials
- Assistance in reading and completing forms

What Happens when You File a Complaint?

HUD will notify you when it receives your complaint. Normally, HUD also will:

- Notify the alleged violator of your complaint and permit that person to submit an answer
- Investigate your complaint and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe the Fair Housing Act has been violated
- Notify you if it cannot complete an investigation within 100 days of receiving your complaint

Conciliation

HUD will try to reach an agreement with the person your complaint is against (the respondent). A conciliation agreement must protect both you and the public interest. If an agreement is signed, HUD will take no further action on your complaint. However, if HUD has reasonable cause to believe that a conciliation agreement is breached, HUD will recommend that the Attorney General file suit.

Complaint Referrals

If HUD has determined that your State or local agency has the same fair housing powers as HUD, HUD will refer your complaint to that agency for investigation and notify you of the referral. That agency must begin work on your complaint within 30 days or HUD may take it back.
What if You Need Help Quickly?

If you need immediate help to stop a serious problem that is being caused by a Fair Housing Act violation, HUD may be able to assist you as soon as you file a complaint. HUD may authorize the Attorney General to go to court to seek temporary or preliminary relief, pending the outcome of your complaint, if:

- Irreparable harm is likely to occur without HUD's intervention
- There is substantial evidence that a violation of the Fair Housing Act occurred

Example: A builder agrees to sell a house but, after learning the buyer is black, fails to keep the agreement. The buyer files a complaint with HUD. HUD may authorize the Attorney General to go to court to prevent a sale to any other buyer until HUD investigates the complaint.

What Happens after a Complaint Investigation?

If, after investigating your complaint, HUD finds reasonable cause to believe that discrimination occurred, it will inform you. Your case will be heard in an administrative hearing within 120 days, unless you or the respondent want the case to be heard in Federal district court. Either way, there is no cost to you.

The Administrative Hearing:

If your case goes to an administrative hearing HUD attorneys will litigate the case on your behalf. You may intervene in the case and be represented by your own attorney if you wish. An Administrative Law Judge (ALA) will consider evidence from you and the respondent. If the ALA decides that discrimination occurred, the respondent can be ordered:

- To compensate you for actual damages, including humiliation, pain and suffering.
- To provide injunctive or other equitable relief, for example, to make the housing available to you.
- To pay the Federal Government a civil penalty to vindicate the public interest. The maximum penalties are $16,000 for a first violation and $65,000 for a third violation within seven years.
- To pay reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

Federal District Court

If you or the respondent choose to have your case decided in Federal District Court, the Attorney General will file a suit and litigate it on your behalf. Like the ALA, the District Court can order relief, and award actual damages, attorney's fees and costs. In addition, the court can award punitive damages.

In Addition

You May File Suit: You may file suit, at your expense, in Federal District Court or State Court within two years of an alleged violation. If you cannot afford an attorney, the Court may appoint one for you. You may bring suit even after filing a complaint, if you have not signed a conciliation agreement and an Administrative Law Judge has not started a hearing. A court may award actual and punitive damages and attorney's fees and costs.
Other Tools to Combat Housing Discrimination:

If there is noncompliance with the order of an Administrative Law Judge, HUD may seek temporary relief, enforcement of the order or a restraining order in a United States Court of Appeals.

The Attorney General may file a suit in a Federal District Court if there is reasonable cause to believe a pattern or practice of housing discrimination is occurring.

For Further Information:

The Fair Housing Act and HUD’s regulations contain more detail and technical information. If you need a copy of the law or regulations, contact the HUD Office nearest you.

Denver Metro Fair Housing Center
3401 Quebec St., Ste 6009, Denver, CO 80207
Telephone: (720) 279-4291

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
451 7th Street S.W., Washington, DC 20410
Telephone: (202) 708-1172 TTY: (202) 708-1455
HOW MUCH CAN YOU AFFORD
What NOT To Do After You Apply For A Mortgage

Congratulations! You finally found the house of your dreams. You made a bid, had it accepted by the seller, and went through the mortgage application process. It looks like you'll qualify. The closing is only weeks away, and you're feeling pretty good.

It's smooth sailing from here, right? Probably. However, more than one buyer has had the wind knocked out of his sails at some point in a real estate transaction by the missteps described below. If at all possible, steer clear of the following "NO-NOs" until AFTER you have closed on your mortgage.

- **Do not take on new debt.** The temptation is strong. There are so many big purchases that people want to make in connection with a move: appliances, window treatments, furniture, etc. When you add to this the fact that, today, everyone offers easy terms and no money down-why, what not just do it? Answer: because you will change what the mortgage industry calls your "debt-to-income ratios" (the relationship of your income to your debt).

- **Do not change jobs.** If at all possible, try not to make a career move during the time between your mortgage application and the closing on the home you are purchasing. But, you ask, "What if it's a BETTER job, for MORE money, in a DIFFERENT field?" Still, try and wait until AFTER closing. One of the factors mortgage companies consider is length of present employment; they are partial to stability. At the very least, changing jobs initiates the need for more paperwork, and may delay your closing.

- **Do not pack too soon.** Well, go ahead and pack your clothes and dishes. But do not pack your bank statements, tax returns, or other important paperwork. Most especially, do not pack your checkbook! More than one buyer has had closing delayed while a friend or relative hurried over with additional funds because the checkbook was in the moving van.

- **Do not lease a new car.** This should go under the general heading of "no new debt." It is highlighted here because, for some strange reason, many buyers do run right out and lease a new car during the time between mortgage application and closing! As with any debt, this will change your "debt-to-income ratios" and may cause you not to qualify for your mortgage.

In short, do nothing that negatively impacts your ability to qualify for your mortgage loan, or initiates a new round of paperwork. If you have any doubts about doing something that may affect your ability to qualify for your mortgage loan, please consult your loan provider before you do it.

These suggestions are merely that—suggestions. No one is saying, flat out, that bad things will necessarily follow if you do any of the above. They are offered as cautions. Many buyers seem to view the mortgage application procedure as a static action, a static shot of their financial lives at a given moment in time. It's not. It's an ongoing process that takes into account everything you do right up until the day of closing.
Knowing How Much You Can Afford: Monthly Payment vs. Maximum Mortgage Amount

Getting pre-qualified is nothing more than telling the lender how much you make, and the lender giving you an idea of what you can afford. But how do they determine this? Let’s take a look.

#1. Your Gross Monthly Income (this is your income before any deductions): $_________

How To Figure Your Ratios & Monthly Payment:

#2. Your ideal housing ratio is your total Gross Monthly Income x 31%: $_________

#3. Your ideal debt-to-income (DTI) ratio is your total Gross Monthly Income x 43%: $_________

#4. Your total monthly debt (only consumer debt, not living expenses):
   Car Payment:$_________
   Minimum Credit Card Payments:$_________
   Student Loans:$_________
   Other:$_________

#5. Subtract line #4 from line #3: $_________

#6. Compare lines #2 and #5 – which one is less? This should be your Maximum Total Monthly Payment (PITI). $_________

How To Figure Your Maximum Mortgage Amount:

#7. Multiply line #6 by 20% (this is for insurance and taxes): $_________

#8. Add together line #7 + $100 (this is for mortgage insurance): $_________

#9. Subtract line #8 from line #6 (this is the principle and interest (PI) portion of your payment): $_________

#10. Divide line #9 by 6: $_________

#11. Multiply line #10 by 1,000 – this should be your maximum mortgage amount: $_________

REMEMBER!
Just because you can qualify for a certain loan amount does not mean you will be comfortable with the monthly payments. Your lender may qualify you for more than you want or need.

These calculations are based on your Gross Monthly Income, not what you actually take home each month. Consider using this worksheet to calculate what your affordable monthly payment and mortgage amount would be based on your Net Monthly Income – your income after any deductions.
UNIFORM RESIDENTIAL LOAN APPLICATION
Uniform Residential Loan Application

Verify and complete the information on this application. If you are applying for this loan with others, each additional Borrower must provide information as directed by your Lender.

Section 1: Borrower Information. This section asks about your personal information and your income from employment and other sources, such as retirement, that you want considered to qualify for this loan.

1a. Personal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name (First, Middle, Last, Suffix)</th>
<th>Social Security Number (or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alternate Names – List any names by which you are known or any names under which credit was previously received (First, Middle, Last, Suffix)</td>
<td>Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy) Citizenship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Credit</td>
<td>List Name(s) of Other Borrower(s) Applying for this Loan (First, Middle, Last, Suffix)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ I am applying for individual credit.</td>
<td>☐ I am applying for joint credit. Total Number of Borrowers:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ I am applying for joint credit. Each Borrower intends to apply for joint credit. Your initials:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marital Status</td>
<td>Dependents (not listed by another Borrower)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Married</td>
<td>Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Separated</td>
<td>Ages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Unmarried (Single, Divorced, Widowed, Civil Union, Domestic Partnership, Registered Reciprocal Beneficiary Relationship)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Current Address

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How Long at Current Address? ______ Years ______ Months</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>☐ No primary housing expense</td>
<td>☐ Own</td>
<td>☐ Rent ($ _____ /month)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If at Current Address for LESS than 2 years, list Former Address ☐ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>How Long at Former Address? ______ Years ______ Months</td>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>☐ No primary housing expense</td>
<td>☐ Own</td>
<td>☐ Rent ($ _____ /month)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mailing Address – If different from Current Address ☐ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Military Service – Did you (or your deceased spouse) ever serve, or are you currently serving, in the United States Armed Forces? ☐ NO ☐ YES if YES, check all that apply:

☐ Currently serving on active duty with projected expiration date of service/tour ____ / ____ (mm/yyyy)
☐ Currently retired, discharged, or separated from service
☐ Only period of service was as a non-activated member of the Reserve or National Guard
☐ Surviving spouse

Language Preference – Your loan transaction is likely to be conducted in English. This question requests information to see if communications are available to assist you in your preferred language. Please be aware that communications may NOT be available in your preferred language.

Optional – Mark the language you would prefer, if available:

☐ English ☐ Chinese ☐ Korean ☐ Spanish ☐ Tagalog ☐ Vietnamese ☐ Other: ________________ ☐ I do not wish to respond

Your answer will NOT negatively affect your mortgage application. Your answer does not mean the Lender or Other Loan Participants agree to communicate or provide documents in your preferred language. However, it may let them assist you or direct you to persons who can assist you.

Language assistance and resources may be available through housing counseling agencies approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. To find a housing counseling agency, contact one of the following Federal government agencies:

• U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) at (860) 569-4287 or www.hud.gov/counseling.
• Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) at (855) 411-2372 or www.consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor.
1b. Current Employment/Self Employment and Income
☐ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employer or Business Name</th>
<th>Phone (___) ___ - ___</th>
<th>Gross Monthly Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Base $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Overtime $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bonus $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Commission $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Military Entitlements $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TOTAL $_______/month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Position or Title

Position or Title

Start Date ___ / ___ (mm/yyyy)

How long in this line of work? ___ Years ___ Months

☐ Check if you are the Business

☐ Owner or Self-Employed

☐ I have an ownership share of less than 25%.

☐ I have an ownership share of 25% or more.

Monthly Income (or Loss) $_______

1c. IF APPLICABLE, Complete Information for Additional Employment/Self Employment and Income
☐ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employer or Business Name</th>
<th>Phone (___) ___ - ___</th>
<th>Gross Monthly Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Base $_______/month</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Overtime $_______/month</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Commission $_______/month</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Military Entitlements $_______/month</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TOTAL $_______/month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Position or Title

Position or Title

Start Date ___ / ___ (mm/yyyy)

How long in this line of work? ___ Years ___ Months

☐ Check if you are the Business

☐ Owner or Self-Employed

☐ I have an ownership share of less than 25%.

☐ I have an ownership share of 25% or more.

Monthly Income (or Loss) $_______

1d. IF APPLICABLE, Complete Information for Previous Employment/Self Employment and Income
☐ Does not apply

Provide at least 2 years of current and previous employment and income.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employer or Business Name</th>
<th>Gross Monthly Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Base $_______/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Overtime $_______/month</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bonus $_______/month</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Commission $_______/month</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Military Entitlements $_______/month</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Other $_______/month</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TOTAL $_______/month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Position or Title

Position or Title

Start Date ___ / ___ (mm/yyyy) End Date ___ / ___ (mm/yyyy)

☐ Check if you were the Business Owner or Self-Employed

Previous Gross Monthly Income $_______

1e. Income from Other Sources
☐ Does not apply

Include income from other sources below. Under Income Source, choose from the sources listed here:

- Alimony
- Child Support
- Interest and Dividends
- Notes Receivable
- Royalty Payments
- Unemployment Benefits
- Automobile Allowance
- Disability
- Mortgage Credit Certificate
- Public Assistance
- Separate Maintenance
- VA Compensation
- Boarder Income
- Foster Care
- Mortgage Differential Payments
- Retirement
- Social Security
- Trust
- Capital Gains
- Housing or Parsonage
- Other Income from Other Sources

NOTE: Revesi alimony, child support, separate maintenance, or other income ONLY IF you want it considered in determining your qualification for this loan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Income Source - use list above</th>
<th>Monthly Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provide TOTAL Amount Here $_______
Section 2: Financial Information — Assets and Liabilities. This section asks about things you own that are worth money and that you want considered to qualify for this loan. It then asks about your liabilities (or debts) that you pay each month, such as credit cards, alimony, or other expenses.

### 2a. Assets – Bank Accounts, Retirement, and Other Accounts You Have

Include all accounts below. Under Account Type, choose from the types listed here:
- Checking
- Savings
- Money Market
- Stock Options
- Bonds
- Stocks
- Bridge Loan Proceeds
- Individual Development Account
- Trust Account
- Cash Value of Life Insurance (used for the transaction)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Type – use list above</th>
<th>Financial Institution</th>
<th>Account Number</th>
<th>Cash or Market Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide TOTAL Amount Here</td>
<td>$</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2b. Other Assets You Have

☐ Does not apply

Include all other assets below. Under Asset Type, choose from the types listed here:
- Earnest Money
- Proceeds from Sale of
  Non-Real Estate Asset
- Proceeds from Real Estate Property
  to be sold on or before closing
- Employer Assistance
- Rent Credit
- Sweat Equity
- Secured Borrowed Funds
- Trade Equity
- Unsecured Borrowed Funds
- Other

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Type – use list above</th>
<th>Cash or Market Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide TOTAL Amount Here</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2c. Liabilities – Credit Cards, Other Debts, and Leases that You Owe

☐ Does not apply

List all liabilities below (except real estate) and include deferred payments. Under Account Type, choose from the types listed here:
- Revolving (e.g., credit cards)
- Installment (e.g., car, student, personal loans)
- Open 30-Day (balance paid monthly)
- Lease (not real estate)
- Other

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Type – use list above</th>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>Account Number</th>
<th>Unpaid Balance</th>
<th>To be paid off at or before closing</th>
<th>Monthly Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>$</td>
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<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2d. Other Liabilities and Expenses

☐ Does not apply

Include all other liabilities and expenses below. Choose from the types listed here:
- Alimony
- Child Support
- Separate Maintenance
- Job Related Expenses
- Other

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Monthly Payment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Borrower Name: 

Uniform Residential Loan Application  
Freddie Mac Form 65 - Fannie Mae Form 1003  
Effective 07/2019
Section 3: Financial Information — Real Estate. This section asks you to list all properties you currently own and what you owe on them.  □ I do not own any real estate

### 3a. Property You Own

If you are refinancing, list the property you are refinancing FIRST.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Value</th>
<th>Status: Sold, Pending Sale, or Retained</th>
<th>Monthly Insurance, Taxes, Association Dues, etc. If not included in Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>For Investment Property Only</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mortgage Loans on this Property  □ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creditor Name</th>
<th>Account Number</th>
<th>Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>Unpaid Balance</th>
<th>To be paid off at or before closing</th>
<th>Type: FHA, VA, Conventional, USDA-RD, Other</th>
<th>Credit Limit (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>□</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3b. IF APPLICABLE, Complete Information for Additional Property

□ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Value</th>
<th>Status: Sold, Pending Sale, or Retained</th>
<th>Monthly Insurance, Taxes, Association Dues, etc. If not included in Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>For Investment Property Only</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mortgage Loans on this Property  □ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creditor Name</th>
<th>Account Number</th>
<th>Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>Unpaid Balance</th>
<th>To be paid off at or before closing</th>
<th>Type: FHA, VA, Conventional, USDA-RD, Other</th>
<th>Credit Limit (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>□</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3c. IF APPLICABLE, Complete Information for Additional Property

□ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Value</th>
<th>Status: Sold, Pending Sale, or Retained</th>
<th>Monthly Insurance, Taxes, Association Dues, etc. If not included in Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>For Investment Property Only</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mortgage Loans on this Property  □ Does not apply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creditor Name</th>
<th>Account Number</th>
<th>Monthly Mortgage Payment</th>
<th>Unpaid Balance</th>
<th>To be paid off at or before closing</th>
<th>Type: FHA, VA, Conventional, USDA-RD, Other</th>
<th>Credit Limit (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>□</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Section 4: Loan and Property Information**

This section asks about the loan’s purpose and the property you want to purchase or refinance.

### 4a. Loan and Property Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Amount $</th>
<th>Loan Purpose</th>
<th>Purchase</th>
<th>Refinance</th>
<th>Other (specify)</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property Address</th>
<th>Street</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>Number of Units</th>
<th>Property Value $</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupancy</th>
<th>Primary Residence</th>
<th>Second Home</th>
<th>Investment Property</th>
<th>FHA Secondary Residence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. **Mixed-Use Property.** If you will occupy the property, will you set aside space within the property to operate your own business? (e.g., daycare facility, medical office, beauty/barber shop)  
   - NO  
   - YES

2. **Manufactured Home.** Is the property a manufactured home? (e.g., a factory-built dwelling built on a permanent chassis)  
   - NO  
   - YES

### 4b. Other New Mortgage Loans on the Property You Are Buying or Refinancing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Creditor Name</th>
<th>Lien Type</th>
<th>Monthly Payment</th>
<th>Loan Amount/Amount to be Drawn</th>
<th>Credit Limit (if applicable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>First Lien</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subordinate Lien</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4c. Rental Income on the Property You Want to Purchase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rental Income on the Property You Want to Purchase</th>
<th>For Purchase Only</th>
<th>Does not apply</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complete if the property is a 2-4 Unit Primary Residence or an Investment Property</td>
<td>Amount:</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Monthly Rental Income</td>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For LENDER to calculate: Expected Net Monthly Rental Income</td>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4d. Gifts or Grants You Have Been Given or Will Receive for this Loan

Include all gifts and grants below. Under Source, choose from the sources listed here:

- Relative
- Unmarried Partner
- Employer
- Religious Nonprofit
- Community Nonprofit
- Federal Agency
- State Agency
- Local Agency
- Other

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Type: Cash Gift, Gift of Equity, Grant</th>
<th>Deposited/Not Deposited</th>
<th>Source – use list above</th>
<th>Cash or Market Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deposited</td>
<td>Not Deposited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deposited</td>
<td>Not Deposited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Section 5: Declarations.** This section asks you specific questions about the property, your funding, and your past financial history.

### 5a. About this Property and Your Money for this Loan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A. Will you occupy the property as your primary residence? If YES, have you had an ownership interest in another property in the last three years? If YES, complete (1) and (2) below:  
(1) What type of property did you own: primary residence (PR), FHA secondary residence (SR), second home (SH), or investment property (IP)?  
(2) How did you hold title to the property: by yourself (S), jointly with your spouse (SP), or jointly with another person (O)? | NO | YES |
| B. If this is a Purchase Transaction: Do you have a family relationship or business affiliation with the seller of the property? | NO | YES |
| C. Are you borrowing any money for this real estate transaction (e.g., money for your closing costs or down payment) or obtaining any money from another party, such as the seller or realtor, that you have not disclosed on this loan application? If YES, what is the amount of this money? | NO | YES |
| D. 1. Have you or will you be applying for a mortgage loan on another property (not the property securing this loan) on or before closing this transaction that is not disclosed on this loan application?  
2. Have you or will you be applying for any new credit (e.g., installment loan, credit card, etc.) on or before closing this loan that is not disclosed on this application? | NO | YES |
| E. Will this property be subject to a lien that could take priority over the first mortgage lien, such as a clean energy lien paid through your property taxes (e.g., the Property Assessed Clean Energy Program)? | NO | YES |

### 5b. About Your Finances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Q</th>
<th>Answer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F. Are you a co-signer or guarantor on any debt or loan that is not disclosed on this application?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G. Are there any outstanding judgments against you?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H. Are you currently delinquent or in default on a federal debt?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. Are you a party to a lawsuit in which you potentially have any personal financial liability?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. Have you conveyed title to any property in lieu of foreclosure in the past 7 years?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K. Within the past 7 years, have you completed a pre-foreclosure sale or short sale, whereby the property was sold to a third party and the Lender agreed to accept less than the outstanding mortgage balance due?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L. Have you had property foreclosed upon in the last 7 years?</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M. Have you declared bankruptcy within the past 7 years? If YES, identify the type(s) of bankruptcy: ☐ Chapter 7 ☐ Chapter 11 ☐ Chapter 12 ☐ Chapter 13</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 6: Acknowledgments and Agreements. This section tells you about your legal obligations when you sign this application.

**Acknowledgments and Agreements**

I agree to, acknowledge, and represent the following statements to:
- The Lender (this includes the Lender’s agents, service providers and any of their successors and assigns); AND
- Other Loan Participants (this includes any actual or potential owners of a loan resulting from this application (the “Loan”), or acquirers of any beneficial or other interest in the Loan, any mortgage insurer, guarantor, any servicers or service providers of the Loan, and any of their successors and assigns).

By signing below, I agree to, acknowledge, and represent the following statements about:

1. **The Complete Information for this Application**
   - The information I have provided in this application is true, accurate, and complete as of the date I signed this application.
   - If the information I submitted changes or I have new information before closing of the Loan, I must change and supplement this application or any real estate sales contract, including providing any updated/supplemented real estate sales contract.
   - For purchase transactions: The terms and conditions of any real estate sales contract signed by me in connection with this application are true, accurate, and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have not entered into any other agreement, written or oral, in connection with this real estate transaction.
   - The Lender and Other Loan Participants may rely on the information contained in the application before and after closing of the Loan.
   - Any intentional or negligent misrepresentation of information may result in the imposition of:
     - (a) civil liability on me, including monetary damages, if a person suffers any loss because the person relied on any misrepresentation that I have made on this application, and/or
     - (b) criminal penalties on me including, but not limited to, fine or imprisonment or both under the provisions of federal law (18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 et seq.).

2. **The Property’s Security**
   - The Loan I have applied for in this application will be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust which provides the Lender a security interest in the property described in this application.

3. **The Property’s Appraisal, Value, and Condition**
   - Any appraisal or value of the property obtained by the Lender is for use by the Lender and Other Loan Participants.
   - The Lender and Other Loan Participants have not made any representation or warranty, express or implied, to me about the property, its condition, or its value.

4. **Electronic Records and Signatures**
   - The Lender and Other Loan Participants may keep any paper record and/or electronic record of this application, whether or not the Loan is approved.
   - If this application is created as (or converted into) an “electronic application”, I consent to the use of “electronic records” and “electronic signatures” as the terms are defined in and governed by applicable federal and/or state electronic transactions laws.
   - I intend to sign and have signed this application either using my: (a) electronic signature; or (b) a written signature and agree that if a paper version of this application is converted into an electronic application, the application will be an electronic record, and the representation of my written signature on this application will be my binding electronic signature.
   - I agree that the application, if delivered or transmitted to the Lender or Other Loan Participants as an electronic record with my electronic signature, will be as effective and enforceable as a paper application signed by me in writing.

5. **Delinquency**
   - The Lender and Other Loan Participants may report information about my account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments, or other defaults on my account may be reflected in my credit report and will likely affect my credit score.
   - If I have trouble making my payments I understand that I may contact a HUD-approved housing counseling organization for advice about actions I can take to meet my mortgage obligations.

6. **Use and Sharing of Information**
   I understand and acknowledge that the Lender and Other Loan Participants can obtain, use, and share the loan application, a consumer credit report, and related documentation for purposes permitted by applicable laws.

Borrower Signature ___________________________ Date (mm/dd/yyyy) ___/___/_____

Borrower Signature ___________________________ Date (mm/dd/yyyy) ___/___/_____

Uniform Residential Loan Application
Freddie Mac Form 65 - Fannie Mae Form 1003
Effective 07/2019
Section 7: Demographic Information. This section asks about your ethnicity, sex, and race.

Demographic Information of Borrower

The purpose of collecting this information is to help ensure that all applicants are treated fairly and that the housing needs of communities and neighborhoods are being fulfilled. For residential mortgage lending, Federal law requires that we ask applicants for their demographic information (ethnicity, sex, and race) in order to monitor our compliance with equal credit opportunity, fair housing, and home mortgage disclosure laws. You are not required to provide this information, but are encouraged to do so. You may select one or more designations for "Ethnicity" and one or more designations for "Race." The law provides that we may not discriminate on the basis of this information, or on whether you choose to provide it. However, if you choose not to provide the information and you have made this application in person, Federal regulations require us to note your ethnicity, sex, and race on the basis of visual observation or surname. The law also provides that we may not discriminate on the basis of age or marital status information you provide in this application if you do not wish to provide some or all of this information, please check below.

Ethnicity: Check one or more
☐ Hispanic or Latino
☐ Mexican ☐ Puerto Rican ☐ Cuban
☐ Other Hispanic or Latino – Print origin:

For example: Argentenean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.

☐ Not Hispanic or Latino
☐ I do not wish to provide this information

Race: Check one or more
☐ American Indian or Alaska Native – Print name of enrolled or principal tribe:

☐ Asian
☐ Asian Indian ☐ Chinese ☐ Filipino
☐ Japanese ☐ Korean ☐ Vietnamese

☐ Other Asian – Print race:

For example: Hmong, Lao, Thai, Pakistan, Cambodian, and so on.

☐ Black or African American
☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
☐ Native Hawaiian ☐ Guamanian or Chamorro ☐ Samoan

☐ Other Pacific Islander – Print race:

For example: Fijian, Tongan, and so on.

☐ White
☐ I do not wish to provide this information

To Be Completed by Financial Institution (for application taken in person):

Was the ethnicity of the Borrower collected on the basis of visual observation or surname? ☐ NO ☐ YES
Was the sex of the Borrower collected on the basis of visual observation or surname? ☐ NO ☐ YES
Was the race of the Borrower collected on the basis of visual observation or surname? ☐ NO ☐ YES

The Demographic Information was provided through:
☐ Face-to-Face Interview (includes Electronic Media w/ Video Component) ☐ Telephone Interview ☐ Fax or Mail ☐ Email or Internet

Section 8: Loan Originator Information.

Loan Originator Information

Loan Originator Organization Name ____________________________
Address ______________________________________________________

Loan Originator Organization NMLS ID# __________________________
State License ID# ____________________________________________

Loan Originator Name ____________________________

Loan Originator NMLS ID# __________________________
State License ID# ____________________________________________

Email ____________________________

Phone (_____ ) ____________

Signature ____________________________ Date (mm/dd/yyyy) ____________

__________________________

Borrower Name:
Uniform Residential Loan Application
Freddie Mac Form 65 • Fannie Mae Form 1003
Effective 07/2019
LOAN
ESTIMATE
SUMMARY
# Loan Estimate

**DATE ISSUED** 2/15/2013  
**APPLICANTS** Michael Jones and Mary Stone  
123 Anywhere Street  
Anytown, ST 12345  
**PROPERTY** 456 Somewhere Avenue  
Anytown, ST 12345  
**SALE PRICE** $180,000

---

**Loan Terms**

| Loan Term | 30 years |
| PURPOSE | Purchase |
| PRODUCT | Fixed Rate |
| LOAN TYPE | x Conventional  
FHA  
VA |
| LOAN ID # | 123456789 |
| RATE LOCK | NO  
YES, until 4/16/2013 at 5:00 p.m. EDT |

Before closing, your interest rate, points, and lender credits can change unless you lock the interest rate. All other estimated closing costs expire on 3/4/2013 at 5:00 p.m. EDT.

---

**Can this amount increase after closing?**

| Loan Amount | $162,000 | NO |
| Interest Rate | 3.875% | NO |
| Monthly Principal & Interest | $761.78 | NO |

See Projected Payments below for your Estimated Total Monthly Payment.

---

**Prepayment Penalty**  
YES  
• As high as $3,240 if you pay off the loan during the first 2 years

**Balloon Payment**  
NO

---

**Projected Payments**

| Payment Calculation | Years 1-7 | Years 8-30 |
| Principal & Interest | $761.78 | $761.78 |
| Mortgage Insurance | + 82 | + — |
| Estimated Escrow  
Amount can increase over time | + 206 | + 206 |
| **Estimated Total Monthly Payment** | $1,050 | $968 |

---

**Estimated Taxes, Insurance & Assessments  
Amount can increase over time**

$206 a month  

This estimate includes

- Property Taxes  
- Homeowner's Insurance  
- Other:

See Section G on page 2 for escrowed property costs. You must pay for other property costs separately.

---

**Costs at Closing**

**Estimated Closing Costs** $8,054  
Includes $5,672 in Loan Costs + $2,382 in Other Costs - $0 in Lender Credits. See page 2 for details.

**Estimated Cash to Close** $16,054  
Includes Closing Costs. See Calculating Cash to Close on page 2 for details.

Visit [www.consumerfinance.gov/mortgage-estimate](http://www.consumerfinance.gov/mortgage-estimate) for general information and tools.
# Closing Cost Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Costs</th>
<th>Other Costs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>A. Origination Charges</strong></td>
<td><strong>E. Taxes and Other Government Fees</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.25% of Loan Amount (Points)</td>
<td>$85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Fee</td>
<td>Recording Fees and Other Taxes $85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underwriting Fee</td>
<td>Transfer Taxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>F. Prepaids</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Insurance Premium (6 months)</td>
<td>$867</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortgage Insurance Premium (months)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepaid Interest ($17.44 per day for 15 days @ 3.875%)</td>
<td>$605</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Taxes (months)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>G. Initial Escrow Payment at Closing</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeowner’s Insurance $100.83 per month for 2 mo.</td>
<td>$413</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortgage Insurance $105.30 per month for 2 mo.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Taxes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>H. Other</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title – Owner’s Title Policy (optional)</td>
<td>$1,017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>I. TOTAL OTHER COSTS (E + F + G + H)</strong></td>
<td><strong>J. TOTAL CLOSING COSTS</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$8,054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D + I $8,054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Lender Credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Calculating Cash to Close</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Closing Costs (J)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Costs Financed (Paid from your Loan Amount)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Down Payment/Funds from Borrower</td>
<td>$18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds for Borrower</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seller Credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments and Other Credits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated Cash to Close</td>
<td>$16,054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>D. TOTAL LOAN COSTS (A + B + C)</strong></th>
<th><strong>$5,672</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Additional Information About This Loan

LENDER
NMLS/___ LICENSE ID
LOAN OFFICER
NMLS/___ LICENSE ID
EMAIL
PHONE
Ficus Bank
Joe Smith
12345
joesmith@ficusbank.com
123-456-7890

MORTGAGE BROKER
NMLS/___ LICENSE ID
LOAN OFFICER
NMLS/___ LICENSE ID
EMAIL
PHONE

Comparisons
Use these measures to compare this loan with other loans.

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In 5 Years</td>
<td>$56,582 Total you will have paid in principal, interest, mortgage insurance, and loan costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$15,773 Principal you will have paid off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Percentage Rate (APR)</td>
<td>4.274% Your costs over the loan term expressed as a rate. This is not your interest rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Interest Percentage (TIP)</td>
<td>69.45% The total amount of interest that you will pay over the loan term as a percentage of your loan amount.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Considerations

Appraisal
We may order an appraisal to determine the property's value and charge you for this appraisal. We will promptly give you a copy of any appraisal, even if your loan does not close. You can pay for an additional appraisal for your own use at your own cost.

Assumption
If you sell or transfer this property to another person, we ☑ will allow, under certain conditions, this person to assume this loan on the original terms. ☐ will not allow assumption of this loan on the original terms.

Homeowner's Insurance
This loan requires homeowner's insurance on the property, which you may obtain from a company of your choice that we find acceptable.

Late Payment
If your payment is more than 15 days late, we will charge a late fee of 5% of the monthly principal and interest payment.

Refinance
Refinancing this loan will depend on your future financial situation, the property value, and market conditions. You may not be able to refinance this loan.

Servicing
We intend ☑ to service your loan. If so, you will make your payments to us. ☐ to transfer servicing of your loan.

Confirm Receipt
By signing, you are only confirming that you have received this form. You do not have to accept this loan because you have signed or received this form.

Applicant Signature  Date  Co-Applicant Signature  Date
CLOSING DISCLOSURE FORMS
# Closing Cost Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Costs</th>
<th>Borrower-Paid</th>
<th>Seller-Paid</th>
<th>Paid by Others</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>A. Origination Charges</strong></td>
<td>$1,802.00</td>
<td> </td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01 0.25% of Loan Amount (Points)</td>
<td>$405.00</td>
<td> </td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02 Application Fee</td>
<td>$300.00</td>
<td> </td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Underwriting Fee</td>
<td>$1,097.00</td>
<td> </td>
<td> </td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **B. Services Borrower Did Not Shop For** | $236.55 | $405.00 |
| 01 Appraisal Fee to John Smith Appraisers Inc. | &nbsp; | $29.80 |
| 02 Credit Report Fee to Information Inc. | &nbsp; | &nbsp; |
| 03 Flood Determination Fee to Info Co. | $20.00 | &nbsp; |
| 04 Flood Monitoring Fee to Info Co. | $31.75 | &nbsp; |
| 05 Tax Monitoring Fee to Info Co. | $75.00 | &nbsp; |
| 06 Tax Status Research Fee to Info Co. | $80.00 | &nbsp; |

| **C. Services Borrower Did Shop For** | $2,655.50 |
| 01 Pest Inspection Fee to Pesto Co. | $120.50 |
| 02 Survey Fee to Surveys Co. | $85.00 |
| 03 Title - Insurance Binder to Epsion Title Co. | $650.00 |
| 04 Title - Lender's Title Insurance to Epslion Title Co. | $500.00 |
| 05 Title - Settlement Agent Fee to Epslion Title Co. | $500.00 |
| 06 Title - Title Search to Epslion Title Co. | $800.00 |

| **D. TOTAL LOAN COSTS (Borrower-Paid)** | $4,694.05 |
| Loan Costs Subtotals (A + B + C) | $4,664.25 | $29.80 |

### Other Costs

| **E. Taxes and Other Government Fees** | $85.00 |
| 01 Recording Fees Deed: $40.00 Mortgage: $45.00 | $85.00 | $950.00 |
| 02 Transfer Tax to Any State | &nbsp; | &nbsp; |

| **F. Prepaids** | $2,120.80 |
| 01 Homeowner's Insurance Premium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co. | $1,109.96 |
| 02 Mortgage Insurance Premium (1 mo.) | &nbsp; | &nbsp; |
| 03 Prepaid Interest ($17.44 per day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13) | $275.04 |
| 04 Property Taxes (5 mo.) to Any County USA | $651.80 |

| **G. Initial Escrow Payment at Closing** | $412.25 |
| 01 Homeowner's Insurance $100.83 per month for 2 mo. | $201.66 |
| 02 Mortgage Insurance per month for 5 mo. | &nbsp; | &nbsp; |
| 03 Property Taxes $105.30 per month for 2 mo. | $210.60 |

| **H. Other** | $2,400.00 |
| 01 HOA Capital Contribution to HOA Acre Inc. | $500.00 |
| 02 HOA Processing Fee to HOA Acre Inc. | $150.00 |
| 03 Home Inspection Fee to Engineers Inc. | $750.00 |
| 04 Home Warranty Fee to XYZ Warranty Inc. | &nbsp; | $450.00 |
| 05 Real Estate Commission to Alpha Real Estate Broker | $5,700.00 |
| 06 Real Estate Commission to Omega Real Estate Broker | $5,700.00 |
| 07 Title - Owner's Title Insurance (optional) to Epslion Title Co. | $1,000.00 |

| **I. TOTAL OTHER COSTS (Borrower-Paid)** | $5,018.05 |
| Other Costs Subtotals (E + F + G + H) | $5,018.05 |

| **J. TOTAL CLOSING COSTS (Borrower-Paid)** | $9,712.10 |
| Closing Costs Subtotals (D + I) | $9,682.30 | $29.80 | $12,800.00 | $750.00 | $405.00 |
| Lender Credits | &nbsp; | &nbsp; | &nbsp; | &nbsp; | &nbsp; |
## Calculating Cash to Close

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Loan Estimate</th>
<th>Final</th>
<th>Did this change?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Closing Costs (U)</td>
<td>$8,054.00</td>
<td>$9,712.10 YES - See Total Loan Costs (D) and Total Other Costs (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Costs Paid Before Closing</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0 - $29.80 YES - You paid these Closing Costs before closing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Costs Financed (Paid from your Loan Amount)</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0 NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Down Payment/Funds from Borrower</td>
<td>$18,000.00</td>
<td>$18,000.00 NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit</td>
<td>$10,000.00</td>
<td>$10,000.00 NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds for Borrower</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0 NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seller Credits</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0 - $2,500.00 YES - See Seller Credits in Section L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments and Other Credits</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0 - $1,035.04 YES - See details in Sections K and L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash to Close</strong></td>
<td><strong>$16,054.00</strong></td>
<td><strong>$14,147.26</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Summaries of Transactions

### L. Due from Borrower at Closing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>01 Sale Price of Property</th>
<th>$189,762.30</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>02 Sale Price of Any Personal Property Included in Sale</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03 Closing Costs Paid at Closing (J)</td>
<td>$9,682.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### M. Due to Seller at Closing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>01 Sale Price of Property</th>
<th>$180,080.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Adjustments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>05</th>
<th>Adjustments for Items Paid by Seller in Advance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>08</td>
<td>City/Town Taxes to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09</td>
<td>County Taxes to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Assessments to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>HOA Dues 4/15/13 to 4/30/13 $80.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>12</th>
<th>L. Paid Already by or on Behalf of Borrower at Closing $175,615.04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Deposit $10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>Loan Amount $162,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Existing Loan(s) Assumed or Taken Subject to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>Seller Credit $2,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Other Credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Rebate from Epsilon Title Co. $750.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Adjustments for Items Unpaid by Seller

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>12</th>
<th>City/Town Taxes 1/1/13 to 4/14/13 $365.04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>County Taxes to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Assessments to</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Calculations

Total Due from Borrower at Closing (K) $189,762.30
Total Paid Already by or on Behalf of Borrower at Closing (L) $175,615.04
Cash to Close $14,147.26

Total Due to Seller at Closing (M) $180,080.00
Total Due from Seller at Closing (N) $115,665.04
Cash From To Seller $64,414.96
Additional Information About This Loan

**Loan Disclosures**

**Assumption**
If you sell or transfer this property to another person, your lender
- [ ] will allow, under certain conditions, this person to assume this loan on the original terms.
- [x] will not allow assumption of this loan on the original terms.

**Demand Feature**
Your loan
- [ ] has a demand feature, which permits your lender to require early repayment of the loan. You should review your note for details.
- [x] does not have a demand feature.

**Late Payment**
If your payment is more than 15 days late, your lender will charge a late fee of 5% of the monthly principal and interest payment.

**Negative Amortization (Increase in Loan Amount)**
Under your loan terms, you
- [ ] are scheduled to make monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month. As a result, your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and your loan amount will likely become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property.
- [x] may have monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month. If you do, your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and, as a result, your loan amount may become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property.
- [x] do not have a negative amortization feature.

**Partial Payments**
Your lender
- [x] may accept payments that are less than the full amount due (partial payments) and apply them to your loan.
- [ ] may hold them in a separate account until you pay the rest of the payment, and then apply the full payment to your loan.
- [ ] does not accept any partial payments.

If this loan is sold, your new lender may have a different policy.

**Security Interest**
You are granting a security interest in 456 Somewhere Ave., Anytown, ST 12345

You may lose this property if you do not make your payments or satisfy other obligations for this loan.

---

**Escrow Account**

For now, your loan

- [x] will have an escrow account (also called an "impound" or "trust" account) to pay the property costs listed below. Without an escrow account, you would pay them directly, possibly in one or two large payments a year. Your lender may be liable for penalties and interest for failing to make a payment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1</td>
<td>$2,473.56</td>
<td>Estimated total amount over year 1 for your escrowed property costs:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Homeowner's Insurance, Property Taxes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1</td>
<td>$1,800.00</td>
<td>Estimated total amount over year 1 for your non-escrowed property costs:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Homeowner's Association Dues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Escrow Payment</td>
<td>$412.25</td>
<td>A cushion for the escrow account you pay at closing. See Section G on page 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Escrow Payment</td>
<td>$206.13</td>
<td>The amount included in your total monthly payment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- [x] will not have an escrow account because [ ] you declined it [ ] your lender does not offer one. You must directly pay your property costs, such as taxes and homeowner's insurance. Contact your lender to ask if your loan can have an escrow account.

**Escrow Waiver Fee**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Estimated Property Costs over Year 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Estimated total amount over year 1. You must pay these costs directly, possibly in one or two large payments a year.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**In the future,**
Your property costs may change and, as a result, your escrow payment may change. You may be able to cancel your escrow account, but if you do, you must pay your property costs directly. If you fail to pay your property taxes, your state or local government may (1) impose fines and penalties or (2) place a tax lien on this property. If you fail to pay any of your property costs, your lender may (1) add the amounts to your loan balance, (2) add an escrow account to your loan, or (3) require you to pay for property insurance that the lender buys on your behalf, which likely would cost more and provide fewer benefits than what you could buy on your own.
DEED
OF
TRUST
DEED OF TRUST

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated ________________________ , ______, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is _______________________________. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is _______________________________. Lender is a ______________________________________________________________________ organized and existing under the laws of ______________________________________________________________________. Lender's address is _______________________________. Lender is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Trustee" is the Public Trustee of ____________ County, Colorado.

(E) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated ________________________. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender _______________________________ Dollars (U.S. $________________) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than _______________________________.

(F) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(G) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(H) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

- [ ] Adjustable Rate Rider
- [ ] Balloon Rider
- [ ] 1-4 Family Rider
- [ ] Condominium Rider
- [ ] Planned Unit Development Rider
- [ ] Biweekly Payment Rider
- [ ] Second Home Rider
- [ ] Other(s) [specify] _________
(I) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(J) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(K) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(L) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(M) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(N) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(O) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(P) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(Q) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower’s obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower’s covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower, in consideration of the debt and the trust herein created, irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the [Type of Recording Jurisdiction] of [Name of Recording Jurisdiction]:
which currently has the address of ____________________________

________________________, Colorado ___________ (“Property Address”):

[Street] [City] [Zip Code]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the “Property.”

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record and liens for taxes for the current year not yet due and payable.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer’s check or cashier’s check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in
the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice.
given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.
Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender’s right to disapprove Borrower’s choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender’s option and Borrower’s expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower’s equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender’s right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender’s security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender’s satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an
agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower’s principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower’s principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower’s control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower’s obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.
Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. **Borrower's Loan Application.** Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower’s occupancy of the Property as Borrower’s principal residence.

9. **Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.** If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender’s interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender’s actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys’ fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. **Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower is required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance
coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has - if any - with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.
11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.
Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender’s judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender’s interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender’s judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender’s interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender’s interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender’s acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower’s obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a “co-signer”): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer’s interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer’s consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower’s obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower’s rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower’s obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower’s default, for the purpose of protecting Lender’s interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys’ fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.
If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower’s acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower’s notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of Borrower’s change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower’s change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender’s address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word “may” gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Borrower’s Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
18. **Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower.** As used in this Section 18, “Interest in the Property” means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender’s prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. **Borrower’s Right to Reinstatement After Acceleration.** If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower’s right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys’ fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender’s interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender’s interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower’s obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer’s check or cashier’s check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. **Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance.** The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the “Loan Servicer”) that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of
the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party’s actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) “Hazardous Substances” are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) “Environmental Law” means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) “Environmental Cleanup” includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an “Environmental Condition” means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other
remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower’s breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and sale. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may invoke the power of sale and any other remedies permitted by Applicable Law. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs of title evidence.

If Lender invokes the power of sale, Lender shall give written notice to Trustee of the occurrence of an event of default and of Lender’s election to cause the Property to be sold. Lender shall mail a copy of the notice to Borrower as provided in Section 15. Trustee shall record a copy of the notice in the county in which the Property is located. Trustee shall publish a notice of sale for the time and in the manner provided by Applicable Law and shall mail copies of the notice of sale in the manner prescribed by Applicable Law to Borrower and to the other persons prescribed by Applicable Law. After the time required by Applicable Law, Trustee, without demand on Borrower, shall sell the Property at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the time and place and under the terms designated in the notice of sale in one or more parcels and in any order Trustee determines. Trustee may postpone sale of any parcel of the Property by public announcement at the time and place of any previously scheduled sale. Lender or its designee may purchase the Property at any sale.

Trustee shall deliver to the purchaser Trustee’s certificate describing the Property and the time the purchaser will be entitled to Trustee’s deed. The recitals in the Trustee’s deed shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements made therein. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale in the following order: (a) to all expenses of the sale, including, but not limited to, reasonable Trustee’s and attorneys’ fees; (b) to all sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) any excess to the person or persons legally entitled to it.
23. **Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall request that Trustee release this Security Instrument and shall produce for Trustee, duly cancelled, all notes evidencing debts secured by this Security Instrument. Trustee shall release this Security Instrument without further inquiry or liability. Borrower shall pay any recordation costs and the statutory Trustee’s fees.

24. **Waiver of Homestead.** Borrower waives all right of homestead exemption in the Property.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

Witnesses:

______________________________  ____________________________________________ (Seal)
- Borrower

______________________________  ____________________________________________ (Seal)
- Borrower

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]
MORTGAGE NOTE
APPENDIX III

MODEL NOTE FORM

NOTE

[Date]

[Property Address]

1. PARTIES

"Borrower" means each person signing at the end of this Note, and the person's successors and assigns. "Lender" means

and its successors and assigns.

2. BORROWER'S PROMISE TO PAY; INTEREST

In return for a loan received from Lender, Borrower promises to pay the principal sum of

Dollars (U.S. $ ), plus interest, to the order of Lender. Interest will be charged on unpaid principal, from the date of disbursement of the loan proceeds by Lender, at the rate of  per cent (%) per year until the full amount of principal has been paid.

3. PROMISE TO PAY SECURED

Borrower's promise to pay is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust or similar security instrument that is dated the same date as this Note and called the "Security Instrument." The Security Instrument protects the Lender from losses which might result if Borrower defaults under this Note.

4. MANNER OF PAYMENT

(A) Time

Borrower shall make a payment of principal and interest to Lender on the first day of each month beginning on , 19 . Any principal and interest remaining on the first day of , 20 , will be due on that date, which is called the maturity date.'

(B) Place

Payment shall be made at

writing by notice to Borrower.


Page 1 of 4
(C) Amount

Each monthly payment of principal and interest will be in the amount of U.S. $. This amount will be part of a larger monthly payment required by the Security Instrument, that shall be applied to principal, interest and other items in the order described in the Security Instrument.

(D) Allonge to this note for payment adjustments

If an allonge providing for payment adjustments is executed by Borrower together with this Note, the covenants of the allonge shall be incorporated into and shall amend and supplement the covenants of this Note as if the allonge were a part of this Note. [Check applicable box.]

☐ Graduated Payment Allonge  ☐ Other [specify]

☐ Growing Equity Allonge

5. BORROWER'S RIGHT TO PREPAY

Borrower has the right to pay the debt evidenced by this Note, in whole or in part, without charge or penalty, on the first day of any month. Lender shall accept prepayment on other days provided that borrower pays interest on the amount prepaid for the remainder of the month to the extent required by Lender and permitted by regulations of the Secretary. If Borrower makes a partial prepayment, there will be no changes in the due date or in the amount of the monthly payment unless Lender agrees in writing to those changes.

6. BORROWER'S FAILURE TO PAY

(A) Late Charge for Overdue Payments

If Lender has not received the full monthly payment required by the Security Instrument, as described in Paragraph 4(C) of this Note, by the end of fifteen calendar days after the payment is due, Lender may collect a late charge in the amount of percent ( %) of the overdue amount of each payment.

(B) Default

If Borrower defaults by failing to pay in full any monthly payment, then Lender may, except as limited by regulations of the Secretary in the case of payment defaults, require immediate payment in full of the principal balance remaining due and all accrued interest. Lender may choose not to exercise this option without waiving its rights in the event of any subsequent default. In many circumstances regulations issued by the Secretary will limit Lender's rights to require immediate payment in full in the case of payment defaults. This Note does not authorize acceleration when not permitted by HUD regulations. As used in this Note, "Secretary" means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or his or her designee.
(C) Payment of Costs and Expenses

If Lender has required immediate payment in full, as described above, Lender may require Borrower to pay costs and expenses including reasonable and customary attorney's fees for enforcing this Note to the extent not prohibited by applicable law. Such fees and costs shall bear interest from the date of disbursement at the same rate as the principal of this Note.

7. WAIVERS

Borrower and any other person who has obligations under this Note waive the rights of presentment and notice of dishonor. "Presentment" means the right to require Lender to demand payment of amounts due. "Notice of dishonor" means the right to require Lender to give notice to other persons that amounts due have not been paid.

8. GIVING OF NOTICES

Unless applicable law requires a different method, any notice that must be given to Borrower under this Note will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Borrower at the property address above or at a different address if Borrower has given Lender a notice of Borrower's different address.

Any notice that must be given to Lender under this Note will be given by first class mail to Lender at the address stated in Paragraph 4(B) or at a different address if Borrower is given a notice of that different address.

9. OBLIGATIONS OF PERSONS UNDER THIS NOTE

If more than one person signs this Note, each person is fully and personally obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note, including the promise to pay the full amount owed. Any person who is a guarantor, surety or endorser of this Note is also obligated to do these things. Any person who takes over these obligations, including the obligations of a guarantor, surety or endorser of this Note, is also obligated to keep all of the promises made in this Note. Lender may enforce its rights under this Note against each person individually or against all signatories together. Any one person signing this Note may be required to pay all of the amounts owed under this Note.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Note.

(SEAL)
Borrower

(SEAL)
Borrower
Footnotes For Model Note Form

1. For Maryland, the Note may be amended if the borrower does not voluntarily elect to pay interim interest at closing. The following must be inserted at the beginning of subsection 4(A): "Borrower shall pay U.S. $ on the first day of , 19 as interest due on the unpaid principal for the period from the date of this Note through ." Insert in the first blank the date by which the interim interest must be paid, either the date on which interest to be included in the first monthly installment begins to accrue or the first installment due date. Insert in the second blank the date on which interest to be included in the first monthly installment begins to accrue.

2. The late charge may be printed in the form but shall not exceed 4%.

3. Include any required or customary form of authentication.

4. The model note is a multistate form which requires adoption for some jurisdictions to reflect the laws and practices of the particular jurisdiction in which the Property is located. The form should not be adapted for jurisdictions in which the multistate version of the FNMA/FHLMC note is used. For other jurisdictions, adaptations should generally follow the corresponding provisions in the FNMA/FHLMC note form approved for use in the jurisdiction, with any additional adaptations that may be necessary to conform to requirements of law and practices of the jurisdiction. For Puerto Rico, see the special instructions in Handbook 4165.1, Chapter 4.
TYPES OF INSURANCE
Types of Insurance

Mortgage Insurance Premium (MIP)/ Private Mortgage Insurance (PMI):
Protection for the lender in the event of default; required on all loans with less than 20% down payment. (MIP = FHA Loans, PMI = Conventional Loans)

Homeowners Insurance:
Insurance written for a homeowner which protects you from loss due to a variety of things including damage by fire, theft, wind, hail, liability, but never flood (flood insurance is a separate policy and is required if the home is in a flood plain.). Homeowners insurance covers structure, interior, and personal property. Required at closing.

Title Insurance:
An insurance policy which protects the holder from losses incurred by defects in the deed or title. Required to obtain a loan.

Home Warranty:
Optional insurance, covers most mechanicals (i.e. appliances, wiring, heating, and cooling, etc.) for one year. Some can be renewed. Can be included in seller concessions, or purchased by homebuyer.

Mortgage Disability Insurance:
Optional protection for the lender and yourself if you were to become disabled. This would make your house payments for you.

Mortgage Life Insurance:
Optional protection for the lender and you in the event of your death. This would pay off your mortgage.

Life Insurance:
Optional protection for your family in the event of your death.
CHFA

PRODUCTS
our statewide network of participating lenders offer:

- 30-year, fixed rate government and conventional mortgage loans to purchase or refinance a home
- Grants and second mortgage loans for down payment and closing cost assistance (purchase only)
- Available to first-time and non-first-time homebuyers

general program requirements

Borrowers must qualify according to the underwriting guidelines as determined by a CHFA Participating Lender. In addition, the following are some of CHFA's general requirements:

- Have a mid-credit score of 620 or higher
  (based on program requirements)
- Total borrower income must not exceed CHFA's income limits
- Attend a CHFA-approved homebuyer education class
  (purchase only)
- Make a minimum required investment of $1,000 toward the purchase of the home

down payment assistance (DPA) options*

DPA Grant:
- Up to 4 percent of your first mortgage loan amount
- No repayment required

DPA Second Mortgage Loan:
- Up to 5 percent of your first mortgage loan amount
- Repayment deferred until certain events, such as payoff of first mortgage loan, sale or refinance of your home, or if home no longer owner-occupied

*Please note: CHFA down payment assistance can only be used when paired with a first mortgage loan under a CHFA program. Higher interest rates apply.

With respect to its programs, services, activities, and employment practices, Colorado Housing and Finance Authority does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, disability, or any other protected classification under federal, state, or local law. Requests for reasonable accommodations, the provision of auxiliary aids, or any complaints alleging violation of this nondiscrimination policy should be directed to the Nondiscrimination Coordinator, 303.297.7305, TDD/TTY 800.639.6664, CHFA, 191 Blake Street, Denver, Colorado 80203-1272, available weekdays 8:00am to 4:00pm.
here's how it works

The CHFA HomeAccess** program provides affordable 30-year fixed interest rate financing. CHFA HomeAccess is available statewide to low income, first time homebuyers who are individuals with a permanent disability, or are the parent(s) of a child or children with a permanent disability.

CHFA also provides an optional $25,000 CHFA HomeAccess second mortgage loan for down payment and closing cost assistance in conjunction with the CHFA HomeAccess program.

here's how you qualify*

To qualify for the CHFA HomeAccess program:

- You must be a first time homebuyer** or an eligible veteran. You or your child or children must have a permanent disability (as defined by the Social Security Administration).
- The total household annual income is used to determine your eligibility and may not exceed the county limits. The gross annual household income of everyone who lives in the home will be included. SSI or SSDI payments should be part of this amount. Income from employment of children under the age of eighteen (18) years is not included.
- You must contribute a minimum of $750 of your own funds towards the purchase of the home (or $500 if ACH is selected for future mortgage payments).
- You must have a mid credit score of 620 or higher.
- Homebuyer education must be completed (online or in-person class) prior to signing a purchase contract.

Please note: Individuals with disabilities receiving a HAP or Section 8 payment should inquire about the CHFA SectionEight** Homeownership program.

* In addition to qualifying for the CHFA program guidelines, you must also qualify according to the first mortgage underwriting guidelines as determined by your CHFA Participating Lender.

** A first time homebuyer is defined by CHFA as one who has not had an ownership interest in a primary residence for the three years prior to the mortgage loan closing.

Name, CHFA Participating Lender

Mortgage Company Name
Address 1
Address 2
Info/Address 3
Phone Number
Email

CHFA Home Finance
www.chfainfo.com
homebuyer education

By sponsoring homebuyer education in-person and online, we give you the tools to make informed decisions and take the intimidation out of buying a home.

down payment assistance

down payment assistance grant*

- Up to 4 percent of your first mortgage**
  (Example: Get up to $8,000 on a $200,000 mortgage)
- No repayment required

zero-percent second mortgage loan*

- Up to 5 percent of your first mortgage**
  (Example: Get up to $10,000 on a $200,000 mortgage)
- Repayment of loan balance deferred until certain events, such as payoff of your first mortgage, or the sale or refinance of the home

* Higher interest rates apply  **For a 30-year, fixed-rate loan
DOWN PAYMENT PROGRAMS
DENVER METRO DOWN PAYMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The following information is for you to contact each program directly for their eligibility requirements, program specifics and funds availability.

Adams County Housing Authority
Commerce City
303-227-2089

Boulder County Housing Authority
Boulder County
720-564-2279

Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA)
Statewide
1-800-877-2432 (toll free)

Colorado Housing Assistance Corporation (CHAC)
Denver (Statewide)
303-572-9445

Colorado Housing Enterprises, Inc.
Westminster (Statewide)
303-428-1448

House to Home Ownership (H2O)
Funding Partners for Housing Solutions
Loveland (Front Range)
970-494-2021

Home Ownership Assistance Program (HOAP)
City of Aurora (within city limits only)
303-739-7900

Tri County Housing
Fowler, CO
719-263-5168 x222

Douglas County Housing Partnership
Lone Tree
303-784-7856

Neighborworks Pueblo
Pueblo
719-544-8078 x111

United Way IDA Program
Denver Metro

Del Norte NDC
Denver (City/County of Denver only)
720-880-7910 x304

NEWSED CDC
Denver (City and County only)
303-534-8342

Metro Mortgage Assistance Plus
Denver (City and County only)
Ask your lender
Buyer Listing Agreement
CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE
For Educational Purposes Only Not for Use Until January 1, 2019

The printed portions of this form, except differentiated additions, have been approved by the Colorado Real Estate Commission.

(CBS1-6-18) (Mandatory 1-19)

THIS FORM HAS IMPORTANT LEGAL CONSEQUENCES AND THE PARTIES SHOULD CONSULT LEGAL AND TAX OR OTHER COUNSEL BEFORE SIGNING.

CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE
(RESIDENTIAL)

Date: _____________________________

AGREEMENT

1. AGREEMENT. Buyer agrees to buy and Seller agrees to sell the Property described below on the terms and conditions set forth in this contract (Contract).

2. PARTIES AND PROPERTY.

2.1. Buyer. _____________________________ (Buyer) will take title to the Property described below as □ Joint Tenants □ Tenants In Common □ Other ___________________________.

2.2. No Assignability. This Contract IS NOT assignable by Buyer unless otherwise specified in Additional Provisions.

2.3. Seller. _____________________________ (Seller) is the current owner of the Property described below.

2.4. Property. The Property is the following legally described real estate in the County of __________, Colorado:

known as No.

Street Address          City          State          Zip

together with the interests, easements, rights, benefits, improvements and attached fixtures appurtenant thereto and all interest of Seller in vacated streets and alleys adjacent thereto, except as herein excluded (Property).

2.5. Inclusions. The Purchase Price includes the following items (Inclusions):

2.5.1. Inclusions – Attached. If attached to the Property on the date of this Contract, the following items are included unless excluded under Exclusions: lighting, heating, plumbing, ventilating and air conditioning units, TV antennas, inside telephone, network and coaxial (cable) wiring and connecting blocks/jacks, plants, mirrors, floor coverings, intercom systems, built-in kitchen appliances, sprinkler systems and controls, built-in vacuum systems (including accessories) and garage door openers (including remote controls). If checked, the following are owned by the Seller and included (leased items should be listed under Due Diligence Documents): □ None □ Solar Panels □ Water Softeners □ Security Systems □ Satellite Systems (including satellite dishes). If any additional items are attached to the Property after the date of this Contract, such additional items are also included in the Purchase Price.

2.5.2. Inclusions – Not Attached. If on the Property, whether attached or not, on the date of this Contract, the following items are included unless excluded under Exclusions: storm windows, storm doors, window and porch shades, awnings, blinds, screens, window coverings and treatments, curtain rods, drapery rods, fireplace inserts, fireplace screens, fireplace grates, heating stoves, storage sheds, carbon monoxide alarms, smoke/fire detectors and all keys.

2.5.3. Personal Property – Conveyance. Any personal property must be conveyed at Closing by Seller free and clear of all taxes (except personal property taxes for the year of Closing), liens and encumbrances, except _______________. Conveyance of all personal property will be by bill of sale or other applicable legal instrument.

2.5.4. Other Inclusions. The following items, whether fixtures or personal property, are also included in the Purchase Price:

☐ If the box is checked, Buyer and Seller have concurrently entered into a separate agreement for additional personal property outside of this Contract.
2.5.5. Parking and Storage Facilities. The use or ownership of the following parking facilities:  

Note to Buyer: If exact rights to the parking and storage facilities is a concern to Buyer, Buyer should investigate.

2.6. Exclusions. The following items are excluded (Exclusions):


2.7.1. Deeded Water Rights. The following legally described water rights:

Any deeded water rights will be conveyed by a good and sufficient ______________________ deed at Closing.

2.7.2. Other Rights Relating to Water. The following rights relating to water not included in §§ 2.7.1, 2.7.3 and 2.7.4, will be transferred to Buyer at Closing:

2.7.3. Well Rights. Seller agrees to supply required information to Buyer about the well. Buyer understands that if the well to be transferred is a "Small Capacity Well" or a "Domestic Exempt Water Well" used for ordinary household purposes, Buyer must, prior to or at Closing, complete a Change in Ownership form for the well. If an existing well has not been registered with the Colorado Division of Water Resources in the Department of Natural Resources (Division), Buyer must complete a registration of existing well form for the well and pay the cost of registration. If no person will be providing a closing service in connection with the transaction, Buyer must file the form with the Division within sixty days after Closing. The Well Permit # is

2.7.4. Water Stock Certificates. The water stock certificates to be transferred at Closing are as follows:

3. DATES, DEADLINES AND APPLICABILITY.

3.1. Dates and Deadlines.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date or Deadline</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>§ 4.3</td>
<td>Alternative Earnest Money Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Title</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>§ 8.1, § 8.4</td>
<td>Record Title Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>§ 8.2, § 8.4</td>
<td>Record Title Objection Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>§ 8.3</td>
<td>Off-Record Title Deadline</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>§ 8.3</td>
<td>Off-Record Title Objection Deadline</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>§ 8.5</td>
<td>Title Resolution Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>§ 8.6</td>
<td>Right of First Refusal Deadline</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Owners' Association</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>§ 7.2</td>
<td>Association Documents Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>§ 7.4</td>
<td>Association Documents Termination Deadline</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Seller's Disclosures</strong></td>
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<td>§ 10.1</td>
<td>Seller's Property Disclosure Deadline</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>§ 10.10</td>
<td>Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Deadline</td>
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<td><strong>Loan and Credit</strong></td>
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<td>§ 5.1</td>
<td>New Loan Application Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>§ 5.2</td>
<td>New Loan Termination Deadline</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>§ 5.3</td>
<td>Buyer's Credit Information Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>§ 5.3</td>
<td>Disapproval of Buyer's Credit Information Deadline</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>§ 5.4</td>
<td>Existing Loan Deadline</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>§ 5.4</td>
<td>Existing Loan Termination Deadline</td>
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</tr>
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For Educational Purposes Only Not for Use Until January 1, 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item No.</th>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>§ 4.3</td>
<td>Earnest Money</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
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<td>3</td>
<td>§ 4.5</td>
<td>New Loan</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>§ 4.6</td>
<td>Assumption Balance</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>§ 4.7</td>
<td>Private Financing</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>§ 4.7</td>
<td>Seller Financing</td>
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<td>7</td>
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<td>8</td>
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<td>$</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>§ 4.4</td>
<td>Cash at Closing</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. PURCHASE PRICE AND TERMS.

4.1. Price and Terms. The Purchase Price set forth below is payable in U.S. Dollars by Buyer as follows:

Note: If FHA or VA loan boxes are checked in § 4.5.3 (Loan Limitations), the Appraisal deadlines DO NOT apply to FHA insured or VA guaranteed loans.

3.2. Applicability of Terms. Any box checked in this Contract means the corresponding provision applies. If any deadline blank in § 3.1 (Dates and Deadlines) is left blank or completed with the abbreviation “N/A”, or the word “Deleted,” such deadline is not applicable and the corresponding provision containing the deadline is deleted. If no box is checked in a provision that contains a selection of “None”, such provision means that “None” applies.

The abbreviation “MEC” (mutual execution of this Contract) means the date upon which both parties have signed this Contract.

4.2. Seller Concession. At Closing, Seller will credit to Buyer $ (Seller Concession). The Seller Concession may be used for any Buyer fee, cost, charge or expenditure to the extent the amount is allowed by the Buyer’s lender and is included in the Closing Statement or Closing Disclosure at Closing. Examples of allowable items to be paid for by the Seller Concession include, but are not limited to: Buyer’s closing costs, loan discount points, loan origination fees, prepaid items and any other fee, cost, charge, expense or expenditure. Seller Concession is in addition to any sum Seller has agreed to pay or credit Buyer elsewhere in this Contract.
4.3. Earnest Money. The Earnest Money set forth in this Section, in the form of a ______________________, will be payable to and held by ____________________ (Earnest Money Holder), in its trust account, on behalf of both Seller and Buyer. The Earnest Money deposit must be tendered, by Buyer, with this Contract unless the parties mutually agree to an Alternative Earnest Money Deadline for its payment. The parties authorize delivery of the Earnest Money deposit to the company conducting the Closing (Closing Company), if any, at or before Closing. In the event Earnest Money Holder has agreed to have interest on Earnest Money deposits transferred to a fund established for the purpose of providing affordable housing to Colorado residents, Seller and Buyer acknowledge and agree that any interest accruing on the Earnest Money deposited with the Earnest Money Holder in this transaction will be transferred to such fund.

4.3.1. Alternative Earnest Money Deadline. The deadline for delivering the Earnest Money, if other than at the time of tender of this Contract, is as set forth as the Alternative Earnest Money Deadline.

4.3.2. Return of Earnest Money. If Buyer has a Right to Terminate and timely terminates, Buyer is entitled to the return of Earnest Money as provided in this Contract. If this Contract is terminated as set forth in § 25 and, except as provided in § 24 (Earnest Money Dispute), if the Earnest Money has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to Terminate, Seller agrees to execute and return to Buyer or Broker working with Buyer, written mutual instructions (e.g., Earnest Money Release form), within three days of Seller’s receipt of such form.

4.4. Form of Funds; Time of Payment; Available Funds.

4.4.1. Good Funds. All amounts payable by the parties at Closing, including any loan proceeds, Cash at Closing and closing costs, must be in funds that comply with all applicable Colorado laws, including electronic transfer funds, certified check, savings and loan teller’s check and cashier’s check (Good Funds).

4.4.2. Time of Payment; Available Funds. All funds, including the Purchase Price to be paid by Buyer, must be paid before or at Closing or as otherwise agreed in writing between the parties to allow disbursement by Closing Company at Closing OR SUCH NONPAYING PARTY WILL BE IN DEFAULT. Buyer represents that Buyer, as of the date of this Contract, ☐ Does ☐ Does Not have funds that are immediately verifiable and available in an amount not less than the amount stated as Cash at Closing in § 4.1.

4.5. New Loan.

4.5.1. Buyer to Pay Loan Costs. Buyer, except as otherwise permitted in § 4.2 (Seller Concession), if applicable, must timely pay Buyer’s loan costs, loan discount points, prepaid items and loan origination fees as required by lender.

4.5.2. Buyer May Select Financing. Buyer may pay in cash or select financing appropriate and acceptable to Buyer, including a different loan than initially sought, except as restricted in § 4.5.3 (Loan Limitations) or § 30 (Additional Provisions).

4.5.3. Loan Limitations. Buyer may purchase the Property using any of the following types of loans:

☐ Conventional ☐ FHA ☐ VA ☐ Bond ☐ Other

4.5.4. Loan Estimate – Monthly Payment and Loan Costs. Buyer is advised to review the terms, conditions and costs of Buyer’s New Loan carefully. If Buyer is applying for a residential loan, the lender generally must provide Buyer with a Loan Estimate within three days after Buyer completes a loan application. Buyer also should obtain an estimate of the amount of Buyer’s monthly mortgage payment.

4.6. Assumption. Buyer agrees to assume and pay an existing loan in the approximate amount of the Assumption Balance set forth in § 4.1 (Price and Terms), presently payable at $________________ per ____________ including principal and interest presently at the rate of ________% per annum and also including escrow for the following as indicated: ☐ Real Estate Taxes ☐ Property Insurance Premium ☐ Mortgage Insurance Premium and ☐ .

Buyer agrees to pay a loan transfer fee not to exceed $___________. At the time of assumption, the new interest rate will not exceed _________% per annum and the new payment will not exceed $____________ per ____________ principal and interest, plus escrow, if any. If the actual principal balance of the existing loan at Closing is less than the Assumption Balance, which causes the amount of cash required from Buyer at Closing to be increased by more than $____________, or if any other terms or provisions of the loan change, Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1 on or before Closing Date.

Seller ☐ Will ☐ Will Not be released from liability on said loan. If applicable, compliance with the requirements for release from liability will be evidenced by delivery ☐ on or before Loan Transfer Approval Deadline ☐ at Closing of an appropriate letter of commitment from lender. Any cost payable for release of liability will be paid by __________________ in an amount not to exceed $___________.

4.7. Seller or Private Financing.

WARNING: Unless the transaction is exempt, federal and state laws impose licensing, other requirements and restrictions on sellers and private financiers. Contract provisions on financing and financing documents, unless exempt, should be prepared by a licensed Colorado attorney or licensed mortgage loan originator. Brokers should not prepare or advise the parties on the specifics of financing, including whether or not a party is exempt from the law.

4.7.1. Seller Financing. If Buyer is to pay all or any portion of the Purchase Price with Seller financing, ☐ Buyer ☐ Seller will deliver the proposed Seller financing documents to the other party on or before _________ days before Seller or Private Financing Deadline.

4.7.1.1. Seller May Terminate. If Seller is to provide Seller financing, this Contract is conditional upon Seller determining whether such financing is satisfactory to the Seller, including its payments, interest rate, terms, conditions, cost
and compliance with the law. Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Seller or Private Financing Deadline, if such Seller financing is not satisfactory to Seller, in Seller’s sole subjective discretion.

4.7.2. Buyer May Terminate. If Buyer is to pay all or any portion of the Purchase Price with Seller or private financing, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer determining whether such financing is satisfactory to Buyer, including its availability, payments, interest rate, terms, conditions and cost. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Seller or Private Financing Deadline, if such Seller or private financing is not satisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion.

TRANSACTION PROVISIONS

5. FINANCING CONDITIONS AND OBLIGATIONS.

5.1. New Loan Application. If Buyer is to pay all or part of the Purchase Price by obtaining one or more new loans (New Loan), or if an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, Buyer, if required by such lender, must make an application verifiable by such lender, on or before New Loan Application Deadline and exercise reasonable efforts to obtain such loan or approval.

5.2. New Loan Review. If Buyer is to pay all or part of the Purchase Price with a New Loan, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer determining, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, whether the New Loan is satisfactory to Buyer, including its availability, payments, interest rate, terms, conditions and cost. This condition is for the sole benefit of Buyer. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before New Loan Termination Deadline, if the New Loan is not satisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion. Buyer does not have a Right to Terminate based on the New Loan if the objection is based on the Appraised Value (defined below) or the Lender Requirements (defined below). IF SELLER IS NOT IN DEFAULT AND DOES NOT TIMELY RECEIVE BUYER’S WRITTEN NOTICE TO TERMINATE, BUYER’S EARNEST MONEY WILL BE NONREFUNDABLE, except as otherwise provided in this Contract (e.g., Appraisal, Title, Survey).

5.3. Credit Information. If an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, this Contract is conditional (for the sole benefit of Seller) upon Seller’s approval of Buyer’s financial ability and creditworthiness, which approval will be in Seller’s sole subjective discretion. Accordingly: (1) Buyer must supply to Seller by Buyer’s Credit Information Deadline, at Buyer’s expense, information and documents (including a current credit report) concerning Buyer’s financial, employment and credit condition; (2) Buyer consents that Seller may verify Buyer’s financial ability and creditworthiness; and (3) any such information and documents received by Seller must be held by Seller in confidence and not released to others except to protect Seller’s interest in this transaction. If the Cash at Closing is less than as set forth in § 4.1 of this Contract, Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Closing. If Seller disapproves of Buyer’s financial ability or creditworthiness, in Seller’s sole subjective discretion, Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Disapproval of Buyer’s Credit Information Deadline.

5.4. Existing Loan Review. If an existing loan is not to be released at Closing, Seller must deliver copies of the loan documents (including note, deed of trust and any modifications) to Buyer by Existing Loan Deadline. For the sole benefit of Buyer, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer’s review and approval of the provisions of such loan documents. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Existing Loan Termination Deadline, based on any unsatisfactory provision of such loan documents, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion. If the lender’s approval of a transfer of the Property is required, this Contract is conditional upon Buyer obtaining such approval without change in the terms of such loan, except as set forth in § 4.6. If lender’s approval is not obtained by Loan Transfer Approval Deadline, this Contract will terminate on such deadline. Seller has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Closing, in Seller’s sole subjective discretion, if Seller is to be released from liability under such existing loan and Buyer does not obtain such compliance as set forth in § 4.6.

6. APPRAISAL PROVISIONS.

6.1. Appraisal Definition. An “Appraisal” is an opinion of value prepared by a licensed or certified appraiser, engaged on behalf of Buyer or Buyer’s lender, to determine the Property’s market value (Appraised Value). The Appraisal may also set forth certain lender requirements, replacements, removals or repairs necessary on or to the Property as a condition for the Property to be valued at the Appraised Value.

6.2. Appraisal Condition. The applicable appraisal provision set forth below applies to the respective loan type set forth in § 4.5.3, or if a cash transaction (i.e. no financing), § 6.2.1 applies.

6.2.1. Conventional/Other. Buyer has the right to obtain an Appraisal. If the Appraised Value is less than the Purchase Price, or if the Appraisal is not received by Buyer on or before Appraisal Deadline Buyer may, on or before Appraisal Objection Deadline:

6.2.1.1. Notice to Terminate. Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 25.1, that this Contract is terminated;

or

6.2.1.2. Appraisal Objection. Deliver to Seller a written objection accompanied by either a copy of the Appraisal or written notice from lender that confirms the Appraised Value is less than the Purchase Price (Lender Verification).

6.2.1.3. Appraisal Resolution. If an Appraisal Objection is received by Seller, on or before Appraisal Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before Appraisal Resolution
Deadline, this Contract will terminate on the Appraisal Resolution Deadline, unless Seller receives Buyer’s written withdrawal
of the Appraisal Objection before such termination, i.e., on or before expiration of Appraisal Resolution Deadline.

6.2. FHA. It is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Contract, the purchaser
(Buyer) shall not be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property described herein or to incur any penalty by forfeiture of
Earnest Money deposits or otherwise unless the purchaser (Buyer) has been given, in accordance with HUD/FHA or VA
requirements, a written statement issued by the Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Veterans Affairs, or a Direct
Endorsement lender, setting forth the appraised value of the Property of not less than $_________. The purchaser (Buyer)
shall have the privilege and option of proceeding with the consummation of this Contract without regard to the amount of the
appraised valuation. The appraised valuation is arrived at to determine the maximum mortgage the Department of Housing and
Urban Development will insure. HUD does not warrant the value nor the condition of the Property. The purchaser (Buyer) should
satisfy himself/herself that the price and condition of the Property are acceptable.

6.3. VA. It is expressly agreed that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Contract, the purchaser (Buyer)
shall not incur any penalty by forfeiture of Earnest Money or otherwise be obligated to complete the purchase of the Property
described herein, if the Contract Purchase Price or cost exceeds the reasonable value of the Property established by the Department
of Veterans Affairs. The purchaser (Buyer) shall, however, have the privilege and option of proceeding with the consummation of
this Contract without regard to the amount of the reasonable value established by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

6.4. Cost of Appraisal. Cost of the Appraisal to be obtained after the date of this Contract must be timely paid by
Buyer. The cost of the Appraisal may include any and all fees paid to the appraiser, appraisal management
company, lender’s agent or all three.

7. OWNERS’ ASSOCIATION. This Section is applicable if the Property is located within a Common Interest Community
and subject to the declaration (Association).

7.1. Common Interest Community Disclosure. THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN A COMMON
INTEREST COMMUNITY AND IS SUBJECT TO THE DECLARATION FOR THE COMMUNITY. THE OWNER OF
THE PROPERTY WILL BE REQUIRED TO BE A MEMBER OF THE OWNERS’ ASSOCIATION FOR THE
COMMUNITY AND WILL BE SUBJECT TO THE BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE
ASSOCIATION. THE DECLARATION, BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS WILL IMPOSE FINANCIAL
OBLIGATIONS UPON THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING AN OBLIGATION TO PAY
ASSESSMENTS OF THE ASSOCIATION. IF THE OWNER DOES NOT PAY THESE ASSESSMENTS, THE
ASSOCIATION COULD PLACE A LIEN ON THE PROPERTY AND POSSIBLY SELL IT TO PAY THE DEBT. THE
DECLARATION, BYLAWS AND RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMUNITY MAY PROHIBIT THE
OWNER FROM MAKING CHANGES TO THE PROPERTY WITHOUT AN ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW BY THE
ASSOCIATION (OR A COMMITTEE OF THE ASSOCIATION) AND THE APPROVAL OF THE ASSOCIATION.
PURCHASERS OF PROPERTY WITHIN THE COMMON INTEREST COMMUNITY SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE
FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION. PURCHASERS SHOULD CAREFULLY
READ THE DECLARATION FOR THE COMMUNITY AND THE BYLAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE
ASSOCIATION.

7.2. Association Documents to Buyer. Seller is obligated to provide to Buyer the Association Documents (defined
below), at Seller’s expense, on or before Association Documents Deadline. Seller authorizes the Association to provide the
Association Documents to Buyer, at Seller’s expense. Seller’s obligation to provide the Association Documents is fulfilled upon
Buyer’s receipt of the Association Documents, regardless of who provides such documents.

7.3. Association Documents. Association documents (Association Documents) consist of the following:

7.3.1. All Association declarations, articles of incorporation, bylaws, articles of organization, operating
agreements, rules and regulations, party wall agreements and the Association’s responsible governance policies adopted under
§ 38-33.3-209.5, C.R.S.;

7.3.2. Minutes of: (1) the annual owners’ or members’ meeting and (2) any executive boards’ or managers’
meetings; such minutes include those provided under the most current annual disclosure required under § 38-33.3-209.4, C.R.S.
(Annual Disclosure) and minutes of meetings, if any, subsequent to the minutes disclosed in the Annual Disclosure. If none of the
preceding minutes exist, then the most recent minutes, if any (§§ 7.3.1 and 7.3.2, collectively, Governing Documents); and

7.3.3. List of all Association insurance policies as provided in the Association’s last Annual Disclosure, including,
but not limited to, property, general liability, association director and officer professional liability and fidelity policies. The list
must include the company names, policy limits, policy deductibles, additional named insureds and expiration dates of the policies
listed (Association Insurance Documents);
7.3.4. A list by unit type of the Association’s assessments, including both regular and special assessments as
disclosed in the Association’s last Annual Disclosure;

7.3.5. The Association’s most recent financial documents which consist of: (1) the Association’s operating budget
for the current fiscal year, (2) the Association’s most recent annual financial statements, including any amounts held in reserve for
the fiscal year immediately preceding the Association’s last Annual Disclosure, (3) the results of the Association’s most recent
available financial audit or review, (4) list of the fees and charges (regardless of name of title of such fees or charges) that the
Association’s community association manager or Association will charge in connection with the Closing including, but not limited
to, any fee incident to the issuance of the Association’s statement of assessments (Status Letter), any rush or update fee charged for
the Status Letter, any record change fee or ownership record transfer fees (Record Change Fee, fees to access documents, (5) list
of all assessments required to be paid in advance, reserves or working capital due at Closing and (6) reserve study, if any (§§ 7.3.4
and 7.3.5, collectively, Financial Documents);

7.3.6. Any written notice from the Association to Seller of a “construction defect action” under § 38-33.3-303.5,
C.R.S. within the past six months and the result of whether the Association approved or disapproved such action (Construction
Defect Documents). Nothing in this Section limits the Seller’s obligation to disclose adverse material facts as required under §
10.2 (Disclosure of Adverse Material Facts; Subsequent Disclosure; Present Condition) including any problems or defects in the
common elements or limited common elements of the Association property.

7.4. Conditional on Buyer’s Review. Buyer has the right to review the Association Documents. Buyer has the Right to
Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Association Documents Termination Deadline, based on any unsatisfactory provision in
any of the Association Documents, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion. Should Buyer receive the Association Documents after
Association Documents Deadline, Buyer, at Buyer’s option, has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1 by Buyer’s Notice to
Terminate received by Seller on or before ten days after Buyer’s receipt of the Association Documents. If Buyer does not receive
the Association Documents, or if Buyer’s Notice to Terminate would otherwise be required to be received by Seller after Closing
Date, Buyer’s Notice to Terminate must be received by Seller on or before Closing. If Seller does not receive Buyer’s Notice to
Terminate within such time, Buyer accepts the provisions of the Association Documents as satisfactory and Buyer waives any
Right to Terminate under this provision, notwithstanding the provisions of § 8.6 (Right of First Refusal or Contract Approval).

8. TITLE INSURANCE, RECORD TITLE AND OFF-RECORD TITLE.

8.1. Evidence of Record Title.

8.1.1. Seller Selects Title Insurance Company. If this box is checked, Seller will select the title insurance
company to furnish the owner’s title insurance policy at Seller’s expense. On or before Record Title Deadline, Seller must furnish
to Buyer, a current commitment for an owner’s title insurance policy (Title Commitment), in an amount equal to the Purchase
Price, or if this box is checked, an Abstract of Title certified to a current date. Seller will cause the title insurance policy to be
issued and delivered to Buyer as soon as practicable at or after Closing.

8.1.2. Buyer Selects Title Insurance Company. If this box is checked, Buyer will select the title insurance
company to furnish the owner’s title insurance policy at Buyer’s expense. On or before Record Title Deadline, Buyer must furnish to
Seller, a current commitment for owner’s title insurance policy (Title Commitment), in an amount equal to the Purchase Price.

If neither box in § 8.1.1 or § 8.1.2 is checked, § 8.1.1 applies.

8.1.3. Owner’s Extended Coverage (OEC). The Title Commitment Will Not contain Owner’s
Extended Coverage (OEC). If the Title Commitment is to contain OEC, it will commit to delete or insure over the standard
exceptions which relate to: (1) parties in possession, (2) unrecorded easements, (3) survey matters, (4) unrecorded mechanics’
liens, (5) gap period (period between the effective date and time of commitment to the date and time the deed is recorded) and (6)
unpaid taxes, assessments and unredeemed tax sales prior to the year of Closing. Any additional premium expense to obtain OEC
will be paid by Buyer or One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller or Other.

Regardless of whether the Contract requires OEC, the Title Insurance Commitment may not provide OEC or delete or insure over
any or all of the standard exceptions for OEC. The Title Insurance Company may require a New Survey or New ILC, defined
below, among other requirements for OEC. If the Title Insurance Commitment is not satisfactory to Buyer, Buyer has a right to
object under § 8.5 (Right to Object to Title, Resolution).

8.1.4. Title Documents. Title Documents consist of the following: (1) copies of any plats, declarations,
covenants, conditions and restrictions burdening the Property and (2) copies of any other documents (or, if illegible, summaries of
such documents) listed in the schedule of exceptions (Exceptions) in the Title Commitment furnished to Buyer (collectively, Title
Documents).

8.1.5. Copies of Title Documents. Buyer must receive, on or before Record Title Deadline, copies of all Title
Documents. This requirement pertains only to documents as shown of record in the office of the clerk and recorder in the county
where the Property is located. The cost of furnishing copies of the documents required in this Section will be at the expense of the
party or parties obligated to pay for the owner’s title insurance policy.

8.1.6. Existing Abstracts of Title. Seller must deliver to Buyer copies of any abstracts of title covering all or any
portion of the Property (Abstract of Title) in Seller’s possession on or before Record Title Deadline.

8.2. Record Title. Buyer has the right to review and object to the Abstract of Title or Title Commitment and any of the
Title Documents as set forth in § 8.5 (Right to Object to Title, Resolution) on or before Record Title Objection Deadline.
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Buyer’s objection may be based on any unsatisfactory form or content of Title Commitment or Abstract of Title, notwithstanding § 13, or any other unsatisfactory title condition, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion. If the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment or Title Documents are not received by Buyer on or before the Record Title Deadline, or if there is an endorsement to the Title Commitment that adds a new Exception to title, a copy of the new Exception to title and the modified Title Commitment will be delivered to Buyer. Buyer has until the earlier of Closing or ten days after receipt of such documents by Buyer to review and object to: (1) any required Title Document not timely received by Buyer, (2) any change to the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment or Title Documents, or (3) any endorsement to the Title Commitment. If Seller receives Buyer’s Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection, pursuant to this § 8.2 (Record Title), any title objection by Buyer is governed by the provisions set forth in § 8.5 (Right to Object to Title, Resolution). If Seller has fulfilled all Seller’s obligations, if any, to deliver to Buyer all documents required by § 8.1 (Evidence of Record Title) and Seller does not receive Buyer’s Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection by the applicable deadline specified above, Buyer accepts the condition of title as disclosed by the Abstract of Title, Title Commitment and Title Documents as satisfactory.

8.3. Off-Record Title. Seller must deliver to Buyer, on or before Off-Record Title Deadline, true copies of all existing surveys in Seller’s possession pertaining to the Property and must disclose to Buyer all easements, liens (including, without limitation, governmental improvements approved, but not yet installed) or other title matters (including, without limitation, rights of first refusal and options) not shown by public records, of which Seller has actual knowledge (Off-Record Matters). This Section excludes any New ILC or New Survey governed under § 9 (New ILC, New Survey). Buyer has the right to inspect the Property to investigate if any third party has any right in the Property not shown by public records (e.g., unrecorded easement, boundary line discrepancy or water rights). Buyer’s Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection of any unsatisfactory condition (whether disclosed by Seller or revealed by such inspection, notwithstanding § 8.2 (Record Title) and § 13 (Transfer of Title)), in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, must be received by Seller or before Off-Record Title Objection Deadline. If an Off-Record Matter is received by Buyer after the Off-Record Title Deadline, Buyer has until the earlier of Closing or ten days after receipt by Buyer to review and object to such Off-Record Matter. If Seller receives Buyer’s Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection pursuant to this § 8.3 (Off-Record Title), any title objection by Buyer is governed by the provisions set forth in § 8.5 (Right to Object to Title, Resolution). If Seller does not receive Buyer’s Notice to Terminate or Notice of Title Objection by the applicable deadline specified above, Buyer accepts title subject to such Off-Record Matters and rights, if any, of third parties not shown by public records of which Buyer has actual knowledge.

8.4. Special Taxing Districts. SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS MAY BE SUBJECT TO GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS THAT IS PAID BY REVENUES PRODUCED FROM ANNUAL TAX LEVIES ON THE TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN SUCH DISTRICTS. PROPERTY OWNERS IN SUCH DISTRICTS MAY BE PLACED AT RISK FOR INCREASED MILL LEVIES AND TAX TO SUPPORT THE SERVICING OF SUCH DEBT WHERE CIRCUMSTANCES ARISE RESULTING IN THE INABILITY OF SUCH A DISTRICT TO DISCHARGE SUCH INDEBTEDNESS WITHOUT SUCH AN INCREASE IN MILL LEVIES. BUYERS SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS IN WHICH THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED BY CONTACTING THE COUNTY TREASURER, BY REVIEWING THE CERTIFICATE OF TAXES DUE FOR THE PROPERTY AND BY OBTAINING FURTHER INFORMATION FROM THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER, OR THE COUNTY ASSESSOR.

A tax certificate from the respective county treasurer listing any special taxing districts that affect the Property (Tax Certificate) must be delivered to Buyer on or before Record Title Deadline. If the Property is located within a special taxing district and such inclusion is unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, Buyer may object, on or before Record Title Objection Deadline. If the Tax Certificate shows that the Property is included in a special taxing district and is received by Buyer after the Record Title Deadline, Buyer has until the earlier of Closing or ten days after receipt by Buyer to review and object to the Property’s inclusion in a special taxing district as unsatisfactory to Buyer.

8.5. Right to Object to Title, Resolution. Buyer’s right to object, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, to any title matter includes those matters set forth in § 8.2 (Record Title), § 8.3 (Off-Record Title), § 8.4 (Special Taxing District) and § 13 (Transfer of Title). If Buyer objects to any title matter, on or before the applicable deadline, Buyer has the following options:

8.5.1. Title Objection, Resolution. If Seller receives Buyer’s written notice objecting to any title matter (Notice of Title Objection) on or before the applicable deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed to a written settlement thereof on or before Title Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on the expiration of Title Resolution Deadline, unless Seller receives Buyer’s written withdrawal of Buyer’s Notice of Title Objection (i.e., Buyer’s written notice to waive objection to such items and waives the Right to Terminate for that reason), on or before expiration of Title Resolution Deadline. If either the Record Title Deadline or the Off-Record Title Deadline, or both, are extended pursuant to § 8.2 (Record Title), § 8.3 (Off-Record Title) or § 8.4 (Special Taxing Districts), the Title Resolution Deadline also will be automatically extended to the earlier of Closing or fifteen days after Buyer’s receipt of the applicable documents; or

8.5.2. Title Objection, Right to Terminate. Buyer may exercise the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before the applicable deadline, based on any title matter unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion.

8.6. Right of First Refusal or Contract Approval. If there is a right of first refusal on the Property or a right to approve this Contract, Seller must promptly submit this Contract according to the terms and conditions of such right. If the holder of the right of first refusal exercises such right or the holder of a right to approve disapproves this Contract, this Contract will terminate.
If the right of first refusal is waived explicitly or expires, or the Contract is approved, this Contract will remain in full force and effect. Seller must promptly notify Buyer in writing of the foregoing. If expiration or waiver of the right of first refusal or approval of this Contract has not occurred on or before Right of First Refusal Deadline, this Contract will then terminate.

8.7. Title Advisory. The Title Documents affect the title, ownership and use of the Property and should be reviewed carefully. Additionally, other matters not reflected in the Title Documents may affect the title, ownership and use of the Property, including, without limitation, boundary lines and encroachments, set-back requirements, area, zoning, building code violations, unrecorded easements and claims of easements, leases and other unrecorded agreements, water on or under the Property and various laws and governmental regulations concerning land use, development and environmental matters.

8.7.1. OIL, GAS, WATER AND MINERAL DISCLOSURE. THE SURFACE ESTATE OF THE PROPERTY MAY BE OWNED SEPARATELY FROM THE UNDERLYING MINERAL ESTATE AND TRANSFER OF THE SURFACE ESTATE MAY NOT NECESSARILY INCLUDE TRANSFER OF THE MINERAL ESTATE OR WATER RIGHTS. THIRD PARTIES MAY OWN OR LEASE INTERESTS IN OIL, GAS, OTHER MINERALS, GEOTHERMAL ENERGY OR WATER ON OR UNDER THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY, WHICH INTERESTS MAY GIVE THEM RIGHTS TO ENTER AND USE THE SURFACE OF THE PROPERTY TO ACCESS THE MINERAL ESTATE, OIL, GAS OR WATER.

8.7.2. SURFACE USE AGREEMENT. THE USE OF THE SURFACE ESTATE OF THE PROPERTY TO ACCESS THE OIL, GAS OR MINERALS MAY BE GOVERNED BY A SURFACE USE AGREEMENT, A MEMORANDUM OR OTHER NOTICE OF WHICH MAY BE RECORDED WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER.

8.7.3. OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY. OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY THAT MAY OCCUR ON OR ADJACENT TO THE PROPERTY MAY INCLUDE, BUT IS NOT LIMITED TO, SURVEYING, DRILLING, WELL COMPLETION OPERATIONS, STORAGE, OIL AND GAS, OR PRODUCTION FACILITIES, Producing wells, reworking of current wells and gas gathering and processing facilities.

8.7.4. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. BUYER IS ENCOURAGED TO SEEK ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING OIL AND GAS ACTIVITY ON OR ADJACENT TO THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATIONS. THIS INFORMATION MAY BE AVAILABLE FROM THE COLORADO OIL AND GAS CONSERVATION COMMISSION.

8.7.5. Title Insurance Exclusions. Matters set forth in this Section and others, may be excepted, excluded from, or not covered by the owner’s title insurance policy.

8.8. Consult an Attorney. Buyer is advised to timely consult legal counsel with respect to all such matters as there are strict time limits provided in this Contract (e.g., Record Title Objection Deadline and Off-Record Title Objection Deadline).

9. NEW ILC, NEW SURVEY.

9.1. New ILC or New Survey. If the box is checked, a: 1) ■ New Improvement Location Certificate (New ILC); or, 2) ■ New Survey in the form of _______________________________; is required and the following will apply:

9.1.1. Ordering of New ILC or New Survey. ■ Seller ■ Buyer will order the New ILC or New Survey. The New ILC or New Survey may also be a previous ILC or survey that is in the above-required form, certified and updated as of a date after the date of this Contract.

9.1.2. Payment for New ILC or New Survey. The cost of the New ILC or New Survey will be paid, on or before Closing, by: ■ Seller ■ Buyer or:

9.1.3. Delivery of New ILC or New Survey. Buyer, Seller, the issuer of the Title Commitment (or the provider of the opinion of title if an Abstract of Title) and ___________________________ will receive a New ILC or New Survey on or before New ILC or New Survey Deadline.

9.1.4. Certification of New ILC or New Survey. The New ILC or New Survey will be certified by the surveyor to all those who are to receive the New ILC or New Survey.

9.2. Buyer’s Right to Waive or Change New ILC or New Survey Selection. Buyer may select a New ILC or New Survey different than initially specified in this Contract if there is no additional cost to Seller or change to the New ILC or New Survey Deadline. Buyer may, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, waive a New ILC or New Survey if done prior to Seller incurring any cost for the same.

9.3. New ILC or New Survey Objection. Buyer has the right to review and object to the New ILC or New Survey. If the New ILC or New Survey is not timely received by Buyer or is unsatisfactory to Buyer, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, Buyer may, on or before New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline, notwithstanding § 8.3 or § 13:

9.3.1. Notice to Terminate. Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 25.1, that this Contract is terminated; or

9.3.2. New ILC or New Survey Objection. Deliver to Seller a written description of any matter that was to be shown or is shown in the New ILC or New Survey that is unsatisfactory and that Buyer requires Seller to correct.

9.3.3. New ILC or New Survey Resolution. If a New ILC or New Survey Objection is received by Seller, on or before New ILC or New Survey Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof
on or before New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on expiration of the New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline, unless Seller receives Buyer’s written withdrawal of the New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline before such termination, i.e., on or before expiration of New ILC or New Survey Resolution Deadline.

10. PROPERTY DISCLOSURE, INSPECTION, INDEMNITY, INSURABILITY, DUE DILIGENCE AND SOURCE OF WATER.

10.1. Seller’s Property Disclosure. On or before Seller’s Property Disclosure Deadline, Seller agrees to deliver to Buyer the most current version of the applicable Colorado Real Estate Commission’s Seller’s Property Disclosure form completed by Seller to Seller’s actual knowledge and current as of the date of this Contract.

10.2. Disclosure of Adverse Material Facts; Subsequent Disclosure; Present Condition. Seller must disclose to Buyer any adverse material facts actually known by Seller as of the date of this Contract. Seller agrees that disclosure of adverse material facts will be in writing. In the event Seller discovers an adverse material fact after the date of this Contract, Seller must timely disclose such adverse fact to Buyer. Buyer has the Right to Terminate based on the Seller’s new disclosure on the earlier of Closing or five days after Buyer’s receipt of the new disclosure. Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, Buyer acknowledges that Seller is conveying the Property to Buyer in an “As Is” condition, “Where Is” and “With All Faults.”

10.3. Inspection. Unless otherwise provided in this Contract, Buyer, acting in good faith, has the right to have inspections (by one or more third parties, personally or both) of the Property and Inclusions (Inspection), at Buyer’s expense. If (1) the physical condition of the Property, including, but not limited to, the roof, walls, structural integrity of the Property, the electrical, plumbing, HVAC and other mechanical systems of the Property, (2) the physical condition of the Inclusions, (3) service to the Property (including utilities and communication services), systems and components of the Property (e.g., heating and plumbing), (4) any proposed or existing transportation project, road, street or highway, or (5) any other activity, odor or noise (whether on or off the Property) and its effect or expected effect on the Property or its occupants is unsatisfactory, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion, Buyer may:

10.3.1. Inspection Objection. On or before the Inspection Objection Deadline, deliver to Seller a written description of any unsatisfactory condition that Buyer requires Seller to correct; or

10.3.2. Terminate. On or before the Inspection Termination Deadline, notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 25.1, that this Contract is terminated due to any unsatisfactory condition. Inspection Termination Deadline will be on the earlier of Inspection Resolution Deadline or the date specified in § 3.1 for Inspection Termination Deadline.

10.3.3. Inspection Resolution. If an Inspection Objection is received by Seller, on or before Inspection Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before Inspection Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on Inspection Resolution Deadline unless Seller receives Buyer’s written withdrawal of the Inspection Objection before such termination, i.e., on or before expiration of Inspection Resolution Deadline.

10.4. Damage, Liens and Indemnity. Buyer, except as otherwise provided in this Contract or other written agreement between the parties, is responsible for payment for all inspections, tests, surveys, engineering reports, or other reports performed at Buyer’s request (Work) and must pay for any damage that occurs to the Property and Inclusions as a result of such Work. Buyer must not permit claims or liens of any kind against the Property for Work performed on the Property. Buyer agrees to indemnify, protect and hold Seller harmless from and against any liability, damage, cost or expense incurred by Seller and caused by any such Work, claim, or lien. This indemnity includes Seller’s right to recover all costs and expenses incurred by Seller to defend against any such liability, damage, cost or expense, or to enforce this Section, including Seller’s reasonable attorney fees, legal fees and expenses. The provisions of this Section survive the termination of this Contract. This § 10.4 does not apply to items performed pursuant to an Inspection Resolution.

10.5. Insurability. Buyer has the right to review and object to the availability, terms and conditions of and premium for property insurance (Property Insurance). Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Property Insurance Termination Deadline, based on any unsatisfactory provision of the Property Insurance, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion.

10.6. Due Diligence.

10.6.1. Due Diligence Documents. If the respective box is checked, Seller agrees to deliver copies of the following documents and information pertaining to the Property (Due Diligence Documents) to Buyer on or before Due Diligence Documents Delivery Deadline:

☐ 10.6.1.1. All current leases, including any amendments or other occupancy agreements, pertaining to the Property. Those leases or other occupancy agreements pertaining to the Property that survive Closing are as follows (Leases):

☐ 10.6.1.2. Other documents and information:
10.6.2. Due Diligence Documents Review and Objection. Buyer has the right to review and object to Due Diligence Documents. If the Due Diligence Documents are not supplied to Buyer or are unsatisfactory, in Buyer's sole subjective discretion, Buyer may, on or before Due Diligence Documents Objection Deadline:

10.6.2.1. Notice to Terminate. Notify Seller in writing, pursuant to § 25.1, that this Contract is terminated; or

10.6.2.2. Due Diligence Documents Objection. Deliver to Seller a written description of any unsatisfactory Due Diligence Documents that Buyer requires Seller to correct.

10.6.2.3. Due Diligence Documents Resolution. If a Due Diligence Documents Objection is received by Seller, on or before Due Diligence Documents Objection Deadline and if Buyer and Seller have not agreed in writing to a settlement thereof on or before Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline, this Contract will terminate on Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline unless Seller receives Buyer's written withdrawal of the Due Diligence Documents Objection before such termination, i.e., on or before expiration of Due Diligence Documents Resolution Deadline.

10.7. Conditional Upon Sale of Property. This Contract is conditional upon the sale and closing of that certain property owned by Buyer and commonly known as ____________________________, Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1 effective upon Seller's receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before Conditional Sale Deadline if such property is not sold and closed by such deadline. This Section is for the sole benefit of Buyer. If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before Conditional Sale Deadline, Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this provision.


Note to Buyer: SOME WATER PROVIDERS RELY, TO VARYING DEGREES, ON NONRENEWABLE GROUND WATER. YOU MAY WISH TO CONTACT YOUR PROVIDER (OR INVESTIGATE THE DESCRIBED SOURCE) TO DETERMINE THE LONG-TERM SUFFICIENCY OF THE PROVIDER'S WATER SUPPLIES.

10.9. Existing Leases; Modification of Existing Leases; New Leases. [Intentionally Deleted]

10.10. Lead-Based Paint.

10.10.1. Lead-Based Paint Disclosure. Unless exempt, if the Property includes one or more residential dwellings constructed or a building permit was issued prior to January 1, 1978, for the benefit of Buyer, Seller and all required real estate licensees must sign and deliver to Buyer a completed Lead-Based Paint Disclosure (Sales) form on or before the Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Deadline. If Buyer does not timely receive the Lead-Based Paint Disclosure, Buyer may waive the failure to timely receive the Lead-Based Paint Disclosure, or Buyer may exercise Buyer's Right to Terminate under § 25.1 by Seller's receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before the expiration of the Lead-Based Paint Termination Deadline.

10.10.2. Lead-Based Paint Assessment. If Buyer elects to conduct or obtain a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of Lead-Based Paint or Lead-Based Paint hazards, Buyer has a Right to Terminate under § 25.1 by Seller's receipt of Buyer's Notice to Terminate on or before the expiration of the Lead-Based Paint Termination Deadline. If Buyer's Notice to Terminate would otherwise be required to be received by Seller after Closing Date, Buyer's Notice to Terminate must be received by Seller on or before Closing. Buyer may elect to waive Buyer's right to conduct or obtain a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of Lead-Based Paint or Lead-Based Paint hazards. If Seller does not receive Buyer's Notice to Terminate within such time, Buyer accepts the condition of the Property relative to any Lead-Based Paint as satisfactory and Buyer waives any Right to Terminate under this provision.

10.11. Carbon Monoxide Alarms. Note: If the improvements on the Property have a fuel-fired heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage and include one or more rooms lawfully used for sleeping purposes (Bedroom), the parties acknowledge that Colorado law requires that Seller assure the Property has an operational carbon monoxide alarm installed within fifteen feet of the entrance to each Bedroom or in a location as required by the applicable building code.

10.12. Methamphetamine Disclosure. If Seller knows that methamphetamine was ever manufactured, processed, cooked, disposed of, used or stored at the Property, Seller is required to disclose such fact. No disclosure is required if the Property was remediated in accordance with state standards and other requirements are fulfilled pursuant to § 25-18.5-102, C.R.S., Buyer further acknowledges that Buyer has the right to engage a certified hygienist or industrial hygienist to test whether the Property has ever been used as a methamphetamine laboratory. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, upon Seller's receipt of Buyer's written Notice to Terminate, notwithstanding any other provision of this Contract, based on Buyer's test results that indicate the Property has been contaminated with methamphetamine, but has not been remediated to meet the standards established by rules of the State Board of Health promulgated pursuant to § 25-18.5-102, C.R.S. Buyer must promptly give written notice to Seller of the results of the test.

11. TENANT ESTOPPEL STATEMENTS. [Intentionally Deleted]

12. CLOSING DOCUMENTS, INSTRUCTIONS AND CLOSING.
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12.1. Closing Documents and Closing Information. Seller and Buyer will cooperate with the Closing Company to enable the Closing Company to prepare and deliver documents required for Closing to Buyer and Seller and their designees. If Buyer is obtaining a loan to purchase the Property, Buyer acknowledges Buyer's lender is required to provide the Closing Company, in a timely manner, all required loan documents and financial information concerning Buyer's loan. Buyer and Seller will furnish any additional information and documents required by Closing Company that will be necessary to complete this transaction. Buyer and Seller will sign and complete all customary or reasonably-required documents at or before Closing.

12.2. Closing Instructions. Colorado Real Estate Commission's Closing Instructions Are Not executed with this Contract.

12.3. Closing. Delivery of deed from Seller to Buyer will be at closing (Closing). Closing will be on the date specified as the Closing Date or by mutual agreement at an earlier date. The hour and place of Closing will be as designated by

12.4. Disclosure of Settlement Costs. Buyer and Seller acknowledge that costs, quality and extent of service vary between different settlement service providers (e.g., attorneys, lenders, inspectors and title companies).

13. TRANSFER OF TITLE. Subject to Buyer's compliance with the terms and provisions of this Contract, including the tender of any payment due at Closing, Seller, provided another deed is not selected, must execute and deliver a good and sufficient special warranty deed to Buyer, at Closing. However, if the box is checked, the parties agree to use the corresponding deed instead:

- [ ] general warranty deed
- [ ] bargain and sale deed
- [ ] quit claim deed
- [ ] personal representative's deed
- [ ] ________ deed.

13.1. Special Warranty Deed and General Warranty Deed Exceptions. If title will be conveyed using a special warranty deed or a general warranty deed, title will be conveyed subject to:

13.1.1. General taxes for the year of Closing,
13.1.2. Distribution utility easements (including cable TV),
13.1.3. Those specifically described rights of third parties not shown by the public records of which Buyer has actual knowledge and which were accepted by Buyer in accordance with § 8.3 (Off-Record Title) and § 9 (New ILC or New Survey),
13.1.4. Inclusion of the Property within any special taxing district,
13.1.5. Any special assessment if the improvements were not installed as of the date of Buyer's signature hereon,
13.1.6. Other

13.2. Special Warranty Deed. In addition to the requirements of § 13.1, if title will be conveyed by a special warranty deed, Seller will warrant title against all persons claiming by, through or under Seller subject to those specific recorded exceptions, if any, created during Seller's ownership of the Property and described by reference to recorded documents shown as Exceptions in the Title Documents that are accepted by Buyer in accordance with § 8.2 (Record Title) and described in the deed by reference to the specific recording information for each recorded document.

13.3. General Warranty Deed. In addition to the requirements of § 13.1, if title will be conveyed by a general warranty deed, Seller will warrant the title subject to those specific recorded exceptions described by reference to recorded documents shown as Exceptions in the Title Documents that are accepted by Buyer in accordance with § 8.2 (Record Title) and described in the deed by reference to the specific recording information for each recorded document.

14. PAYMENT OF LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES. Unless agreed to by Buyer in writing, any amounts owed on any liens or encumbrances securing a monetary sum, including, but not limited to, any governmental liens for special improvements installed as of the date of Buyer's signature hereon, whether assessed or not and previous years' taxes, will be paid at or before Closing by Seller from the proceeds of this transaction or from any other source.

15. CLOSING COSTS, CLOSING FEE, ASSOCIATION FEES AND TAXES.
15.1. Closing Costs. Buyer and Seller must pay, in Good Funds, their respective closing costs and all other items required to be paid at Closing, except as otherwise provided herein.

15.2. Closing Services Fee. The fee for real estate closing services must be paid at Closing by [ ] Buyer [ ] Seller

15.3. Status Letter and Record Change Fees. At least fourteen days prior to Closing Date, Seller agrees to promptly request the Association to deliver to Buyer a current Status Letter. Any fees incident to the issuance of Association's Status Letter must be paid by [ ] None [ ] Buyer [ ] Seller [ ] One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller. Any Record Change Fee must be paid by [ ] None [ ] Buyer [ ] Seller [ ] One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller.

15.4. Local Transfer Tax. [ ] The Local Transfer Tax of ________% of the Purchase Price must be paid at Closing by

15.5. Private Transfer Fee. Private transfer fees and other fees due to a transfer of the Property, payable at Closing, such as community association fees, developer fees and foundation fees, must be paid at Closing by [ ] None [ ] Buyer [ ] Seller

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☐ One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller. The Private Transfer fee, whether one or more, is for the following association(s): ___________________________ in the total amount of _____% of the Purchase Price or $_________________.

15.6. Water Transfer Fees. The Water Transfer Fees can change. The fees, as of the date of this Contract, do not exceed $________________ for:

☐ Water Stock/Certificates ☐ Water District
☐ Augmentation Membership ☐ Small Domestic Water Company

and must be paid at Closing by ☐ None ☐ Buyer ☐ Seller ☐ One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller.

15.7. Sales and Use Tax. Any sales and use tax that may accrue because of this transaction must be paid when due by:

☐ None ☐ Buyer ☐ Seller ☐ One-Half by Buyer and One-Half by Seller.

15.8. FIRPTA and Colorado Withholding.

15.8.1. FIRPTA. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) may require a substantial portion of the Seller’s proceeds be withheld after Closing when Seller is a foreign person. If required withholding does not occur, the Buyer could be held liable for the amount of the Seller’s tax, interest and penalties. If the box in this Section is checked, Seller represents that Seller ☐ IS a foreign person for purposes of U.S. income taxation. If the box in this Section is not checked, Seller represents that Seller is not a foreign person for purposes of U.S. income taxation. Seller agrees to cooperate with Buyer and Closing Company to provide any reasonably requested documents to verify Seller’s foreign person status. If withholding is required, Seller authorizes Closing Company to withhold such amount from Seller’s proceeds. Seller should inquire with Seller’s tax advisor to determine if withholding applies or if an exemption exists.

15.8.2. Colorado Withholding. The Colorado Department of Revenue may require a portion of the Seller’s proceeds be withheld after Closing when Seller will not be a Colorado resident after Closing, if not otherwise exempt. Seller agrees to cooperate with Buyer and Closing Company to provide any reasonably requested documents to verify Seller’s status. If withholding is required, Seller authorizes Closing Company to withhold such amount from Seller’s proceeds. Seller should inquire with Seller’s tax advisor to determine if withholding applies or if an exemption exists.

16. PRORATIONS AND ASSOCIATION ASSESSMENTS. The following will be prorated to the Closing Date, except as otherwise provided:

16.1. Taxes. Personal property taxes, if any, special taxing district assessments, if any, and general real estate taxes for the year of Closing, based on ☐ Taxes for the Calendar Year Immediately Preceding Closing ☐ Most Recent Mill Levy and Most Recent Assessed Valuation, adjusted by any applicable qualifying seniors property tax exemption, qualifying disabled veteran exemption or ☐ Other ________.

16.2. Rents. Rents based on ☐ Rents Actually Received ☐ Accrued. At Closing, Seller will transfer or credit to Buyer the security deposits for all Leases assigned, or any remainder after lawful deductions and notify all tenants in writing of such transfer and of the transferee’s name and address. Seller must assign to Buyer all Leases in effect at Closing and Buyer must assume Seller’s obligations under such Leases.

16.3. Association Assessments. Current regular Association assessments and dues (Association Assessments) paid in advance will be credited to Seller at Closing. Cash reserves held out of the regular Association Assessments for deferred maintenance by the Association will not be credited to Seller except as may be otherwise provided by the Governing Documents. Buyer acknowledges that Buyer may be obligated to pay the Association, at Closing, an amount for reserves or working capital. Any special assessment assessed prior to Closing Date by the Association will be the obligation of ☐ Buyer ☐ Seller. Exempt however, any special assessment by the Association for improvements that have been installed as of the date of Buyer’s signature hereon, whether assessed prior to or after Closing, will be the obligation of Seller. Seller represents there are no unpaid regular or special assessments against the Property except the current regular assessments and Association Assessments are subject to change as provided in the Governing Documents.

16.4. Other Prorations. Water and sewer charges, propane, interest on continuing loan and ________________________.

16.5. Final Settlement. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, these prorations are final.

17. POSSESSION. Possession of the Property will be delivered to Buyer on Possession Date at Possession Time, subject to the Leases as set forth in § 10.6.1.1.

If Seller, after Closing, fails to deliver possession as specified, Seller will be subject to eviction and will be additionally liable to Buyer for payment of $________________ per day (or any part of a day notwithstanding § 18.1) from Possession Date and Possession Time until possession is delivered. Buyer represents that Buyer will occupy the Property as Buyer’s principal residence unless the following box is checked, then Buyer ☐ Does Not represent that Buyer will occupy the Property as Buyer’s principal residence.

☐ If the box is checked, Buyer and Seller agree to execute a Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement.

GENERAL PROVISIONS
18. DAY; COMPUTATION OF PERIOD OF DAYS, DEADLINE.

18.1. Day. As used in this Contract, the term “day” means the entire day ending at 11:59 p.m., United States Mountain Time (Standard or Daylight Savings, as applicable).

18.2. Computation of Period of Days, Deadline. In computing a period of days (e.g., three days after MEC), when the ending date is not specified, the first day is excluded and the last day is included. If any deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or Colorado state holiday (Holiday), such deadline ☐ Will ☐ Will not be extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or Holiday. Should neither box be checked, the deadline will not be extended.

19. CAUSES OF LOSS, INSURANCE; DAMAGE TO INCLUSIONS AND SERVICES; CONDEMNATION; AND WALK-THROUGH. Except as otherwise provided in this Contract, the Property, Inclusions or both will be delivered in the condition existing as of the date of this Contract, ordinary wear and tear excepted.

19.1. Causes of Loss, Insurance. In the event the Property or Inclusions are damaged by fire, other perils or causes of loss prior to Closing (Property Damage) in an amount of not more than ten percent of the total Purchase Price and if the repair of the damage will be paid by insurance (other than the deductible to be paid by Seller), then Seller, upon receipt of the insurance proceeds, will use Seller’s reasonable efforts to repair the Property before Closing Date. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Closing Date, if the Property is not repaired before Closing Date, or if the damage exceeds such sum. Should Buyer elect to carry out this Contract despite such Property Damage, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for all insurance proceeds that were received by Seller (but not the Association, if any) resulting from damage to the Property and Inclusions, plus the amount of any deductible provided for in the insurance policy. This credit may not exceed the Purchase Price. In the event Seller has not received the insurance proceeds prior to Closing, the parties may agree to extend the Closing Date to have the Property repaired prior to Closing or, at the option of Buyer, (1) Seller must assign to Buyer the right to the proceeds at Closing, if acceptable to Seller’s insurance company and Buyer’s lender; or if the parties may enter into a written agreement prepared by the parties or their attorney requiring the Seller to escrow at Closing from Seller’s sale proceeds the amount Seller has received and will receive due to such damage, not exceeding the total Purchase Price, plus the amount of any deductible that applies to the insurance claim.

19.2. Damage, Inclusions and Services. Should any Inclusion or service (including utilities and communication services), system, component or fixture of the Property (collectively Service) (e.g., heating or plumbing), fail or be damaged between the date of this Contract and Closing or possession, whichever is earlier, then Seller is liable for the repair or replacement of such Inclusion or Service with a unit of similar size, age and quality, or an equivalent credit, but only to the extent that the maintenance or replacement of such Inclusion or Service is not the responsibility of the Association, if any, less any insurance proceeds received by Buyer covering such repair or replacement. If the failed or damaged Inclusion or Service is not repaired or replaced on or before Closing or possession, whichever is earlier, Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Closing Date, or, at the option of Buyer, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for the repair or replacement of such Inclusion or Service. Such credit must not exceed the Purchase Price. If Buyer receives such a credit, Seller’s right for any claim against the Association, if any, will survive Closing.

19.3. Condemnation. In the event Seller receives actual notice prior to Closing that a pending condemnation action may result in a taking of all or part of the Property or Inclusions, Seller must promptly notify Buyer, in writing, of such condemnation action. Buyer has the Right to Terminate under § 25.1, on or before Closing Date, based on such condemnation action, in Buyer’s sole subjective discretion. Should Buyer elect to consummate this Contract despite such diminution of value to the Property and Inclusions, Buyer is entitled to a credit at Closing for all condemnation proceeds awarded to Seller for the diminution in the value of the Property or Inclusions but such credit will not include relocation benefits or expenses, or exceed the Purchase Price.

19.4. Walk-Through and Verification of Condition. Buyer, upon reasonable notice, has the right to walk through the Property prior to Closing to verify that the physical condition of the Property and Inclusions complies with this Contract.

19.5. Home Warranty. Seller and Buyer are aware of the existence of pre-owned home warranty programs that may be purchased and may cover the repair or replacement of such Inclusions.

20. RECOMMENDATION OF LEGAL AND TAX COUNSEL. By signing this Contract, Buyer and Seller acknowledge that the respective broker has advised that this Contract has important legal consequences and has recommended the examination of title and consultation with legal and tax or other counsel before signing this Contract.

21. TIME OF ESSENCE, DEFAULT AND REMEDIES. Time is of the essence for all dates and deadlines in this Contract. This means that all dates and deadlines are strict and absolute. If any payment due, including Earnest Money, is not paid, honored or tendered when due, or if any obligation is not performed timely as provided in this Contract or waived, the non-defaulting party has the following remedies:

21.1. If Buyer is in Default:

21.1.1. Specific Performance. Seller may elect to cancel this Contract and all Earnest Money (whether or not paid by Buyer) will be paid to Seller and retained by Seller. It is agreed that the Earnest Money is not a penalty and the Parties agree the amount is fair and reasonable. Seller may recover such additional damages as may be proper. Alternatively, Seller may elect to treat this Contract as being in full force and effect and Seller has the right to specific performance or damages, or both.
21.1.2. Liquidated Damages, Applicable. This § 21.1.2 applies unless the box in § 21.1.1. is checked. Seller
may cancel this Contract. All Earnest Money (whether or not paid by Buyer) will be paid to Seller and retained by Seller. It is
agreed that the Earnest Money specified in § 4.1 is LIQUIDATED DAMAGES and not a penalty, which amount the parties agree
is fair and reasonable and (except as provided in §§ 10.4, 22, 23 and 24), said payment of Earnest Money is SELLER'S ONLY
REMEDY for Buyer's failure to perform the obligations of this Contract. Seller expressly waives the remedies of specific
performance and additional damages.

21.2. If Seller is in Default: Buyer may elect to treat this Contract as canceled, in which case all Earnest Money received
hereunder will be returned to Buyer and Buyer may recover such damages as may be proper. Alternatively, Buyer may elect to
treat this Contract as being in full force and effect and Buyer has the right to specific performance or damages, or both.

22. LEGAL FEES, COST AND EXPENSES. Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, in the event of any arbitration
or litigation relating to this Contract, prior to or after Closing Date, the arbitrator or court must award to the prevailing party all
reasonable costs and expenses, including attorney fees, legal fees and expenses.

23. MEDIATION. If a dispute arises relating to this Contract (whether prior to or after Closing) and is not resolved, the parties
must first proceed, in good faith, to mediation. Mediation is a process in which the parties meet with an impartial person who helps
to resolve the dispute informally and confidentially. Mediators cannot impose binding decisions. Before any mediated settlement is
binding, the parties to the dispute must agree to the settlement, in writing. The parties will jointly appoint an acceptable mediator
and will share equally in the cost of such mediation. The obligation to mediate, unless otherwise agreed, will terminate if the entire
dispute is not resolved within thirty days of the date written notice requesting mediation is delivered by one party to the other at
that party's last known address (physical or electronic as provided in § 27). Nothing in this Section prohibits either party from
filing a lawsuit and recording a lis pendens affecting the Property, before or after the date of written notice requesting mediation.
This Section will not alter any date in this Contract, unless otherwise agreed.

24. EARNEST MONEY DISPUTE. Except as otherwise provided herein, Earnest Money Holder must release the Earnest
Money following receipt of written mutual instructions, signed by both Buyer and Seller. In the event of any controversy regarding
the Earnest Money, Earnest Money Holder is not required to release the Earnest Money. Earnest Money Holder, in its sole
subjective discretion, has several options: (1) wait for any proceeding between Buyer and Seller; (2) interplead all parties and
deposit Earnest Money into a court of competent jurisdiction (Earnest Money Holder is entitled to recover court costs and
reasonable attorney and legal fees incurred with such action); or (3) provide notice to Buyer and Seller that unless Earnest Money
Holder receives a copy of the Summons and Complaint or Claim (between Buyer and Seller) containing the case number of the
lawsuit (Lawsuit) within one hundred twenty days of Earnest Money Holder's notice to the parties, Earnest Money Holder is
authorized to return the Earnest Money to Buyer. In the event Earnest Money Holder does receive a copy of the Lawsuit and has
not interpled the monies at the time of any Order, Earnest Money Holder must disburse the Earnest Money pursuant to the Order
of the Court. The parties reaffirm the obligation of § 23 (Mediation). This Section will survive cancellation or termination of this
Contract.

25. TERMINATION.

25.1. Right to Terminate. If a party has a right to terminate, as provided in this Contract (Right to Terminate), the
termination is effective upon the other party's receipt of a written notice to terminate (Notice to Terminate), provided such written
notice was received on or before the applicable deadline specified in this Contract. If the Notice to Terminate is not received on or
before the specified deadline, the party with the Right to Terminate accepts the specified matter, document or condition as
satisfactory and waives the Right to Terminate under such provision.

25.2. Effect of Termination. In the event this Contract is terminated, all Earnest Money received hereunder will be
returned to Buyer and the parties are relieved of all obligations hereunder, subject to §§ 10.4, 22, 23 and 24.

26. ENTIRE AGREEMENT, MODIFICATION, SURVIVAL; SUCCESSORS. This Contract, its exhibits and specified
addenda, constitute the entire agreement between the parties relating to the subject hereof and any prior agreements pertaining
thereto, whether oral or written, have been merged and integrated into this Contract. No subsequent modification of any of the
terms of this Contract is valid, binding upon the parties, or enforceable unless made in writing and signed by the parties. Any right
or obligation in this Contract that, by its terms, exists or is intended to be performed after termination or Closing survives the
same. Any successor to a party receives the predecessor's benefits and obligations of this Contract.

27. NOTICE, DELIVERY AND CHOICE OF LAW.

27.1. Physical Delivery and Notice. Any document, or notice to Buyer or Seller must be in writing, except as provided in
§ 27.2 and is effective when physically received by such party, any individual named in this Contract to receive documents or
notices for such party, Broker, or Brokerage Firm of Broker working with such party (except any notice or delivery after Closing
must be received by the party, not Broker or Brokerage Firm).
27.2. **Electronic Notice.** As an alternative to physical delivery, any notice, may be delivered in electronic form to Buyer or Seller, any individual named in this Contract to receive documents or notices for such party, Broker or Brokerage Firm of Broker working with such party (except any notice or delivery after Closing must be received by the party, not Broker or Brokerage Firm) at the electronic address of the recipient by facsimile, email or

27.3. **Electronic Delivery.** Electronic Delivery of documents and notice may be delivered by: (1) email at the email address of the recipient, (2) a link or access to a website or server provided the recipient receives the information necessary to access the documents, or (3) facsimile at the facsimile number (Fax No.) of the recipient.

27.4. **Choice of Law.** This Contract and all disputes arising hereunder are governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Colorado that would be applicable to Colorado residents who sign a contract in Colorado for real property located in Colorado.

28. **NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE, COUNTERPARTS.** This proposal will expire unless accepted in writing, by Buyer and Seller, as evidenced by their signatures below and the offering party receives notice of such acceptance pursuant to § 27 on or before Acceptance Deadline Date and Acceptance Deadline Time. If accepted, this document will become a contract between Seller and Buyer. A copy of this Contract may be executed by each party, separately, and when each party has executed a copy thereof, such copies taken together are deemed to be a full and complete contract between the parties.

29. **GOOD FAITH.** Buyer and Seller acknowledge that each party has an obligation to act in good faith including, but not limited to, exercising the rights and obligations set forth in the provisions of Financing Conditions and Obligations; Title Insurance, Record Title and Off-Record Title; New ILC, New Survey; and Property Disclosure, Inspection, Indemnity, Insurability, Due Diligence, and Source of Water.

## ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AND ATTACHMENTS

30. **ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS.** (The following additional provisions have not been approved by the Colorado Real Estate Commission.)

31. **OTHER DOCUMENTS.**

31.1. The following documents are a part of this Contract:

31.1.1. Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement. If the Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement box is checked in § 17 the Post-Closing Occupancy Agreement is a part of this Contract.

31.2. The following documents have been provided but are not a part of this Contract:

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### SIGNATURES

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**NOTE:** If this offer is being countered or rejected, do not sign this document.

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**END OF CONTRACT TO BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE**

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32. **BROKER’S ACKNOWLEDGMENTS AND COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE.**
(To be completed by Broker working with Buyer)

Broker □ Does □ Does Not acknowledge receipt of Earnest Money deposit. Broker agrees that if Brokerage Firm is the Earnest Money Holder and, except as provided in § 24, if the Earnest Money has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to Terminate or other written notice of termination, Earnest Money Holder will release the Earnest Money as directed by the written mutual instructions. Such release of Earnest Money will be made within five days of Earnest Money Holder’s receipt of the executed written mutual instructions, provided the Earnest Money check has cleared.

Although Broker is not a party to the Contract, Broker agrees to cooperate, upon request, with any mediation requested under § 23.

Broker is working with Buyer as a □ Buyer's Agent □ Transaction-Broker in this transaction. □ This is a Change of Status.

□ Customer. Broker has no brokerage relationship with Buyer. See § 33 for Broker’s brokerage relationship with Seller.

Brokerage Firm’s compensation or commission is to be paid by □ Listing Brokerage Firm □ Buyer □ Other ____________.

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33. **BROKER’S ACKNOWLEDGMENTS AND COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE.**
(To be completed by Broker working with Seller)

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For Educational Purposes Only Not for Use Until January 1, 2019

Money Holder and, except as provided in § 24, if the Earnest Money has not already been returned following receipt of a Notice to Terminate or other written notice of termination, Earnest Money Holder will release the Earnest Money as directed by the written mutual instructions. Such release of Earnest Money will be made within five days of Earnest Money Holder’s receipt of the executed written mutual instructions, provided the Earnest Money check has cleared.

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Broker is working with Seller as a ☐ Seller’s Agent ☐ Transaction-Broker in this transaction. ☐ This is a Change of Status.

☐ Customer. Broker has no brokerage relationship with Seller. See § 32 for Broker’s brokerage relationship with Buyer.

Brokerage Firm’s compensation or commission is to be paid by ☐ Seller ☐ Buyer ☐ Other ____________________________

Brokerage Firm’s Name: ________________________________
Brokerage Firm’s License #: ____________________________
Broker’s Name: ________________________________
Broker’s License #: ____________________________

Broker’s Signature ____________________________ Date ____________

Address: ___________________________________________

Phone No.: __________________________________________
Fax No.: __________________________________________
Email Address: ________________________________________
INSPECTION QUESTIONS
For Your Protection:
Get a Home Inspection

Why a Buyer Needs a Home Inspection

A home inspection gives the buyer more detailed information about the overall condition of the home prior to purchase. In a home inspection, a qualified inspector takes an in-depth, unbiased look at your potential new home to:

- Evaluate the physical condition: structure, construction, and mechanical systems;
- Identify items that need to be repaired or replaced; and
- Estimate the remaining useful life of the major systems, equipment, structure, and finishes.

Appraisals are Different from Home Inspections

An appraisal is different from a home inspection. Appraisals are for lenders; home inspections are for buyers. An appraisal is required to:

- Estimate the market value of a house;
- Make sure that the house meets FHA minimum property standards/requirements; and
- Make sure that the property is marketable.

FHA Does Not Guarantee the Value or Condition of your Potential New Home

If you find problems with your new home after closing, FHA can not give or lend you money for repairs, and FHA can not buy the home back from you. That is why it is so important for you, the buyer, to get an independent home inspection. Ask a qualified home inspector to inspect your potential new home and give you the information you need to make a wise decision.

Radon Gas Testing

The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General of the United States have recommended that all houses should be tested for radon. For more information on radon testing, call the toll-free National Radon Information Line at 1-800-SOS-Radon or 1-800-767-7236. As with a home inspection, if you decide to test for radon, you may do so before signing your contract, or you may do so after signing the contract as long as your contract states the sale of the home depends on your satisfaction with the results of the radon test.

Be an Informed Buyer

It is your responsibility to be an informed buyer. Be sure that what you buy is satisfactory in every respect. You have the right to carefully examine your potential new home with a qualified home inspector. You may arrange to do so before signing your contract, or may do so after signing the contract as long as your contract states that the sale of the home depends on the inspection.
HOME MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE AND CHECKLIST
Home Maintenance Schedule and Checklist

Spring

Outdoor Tasks
- Clean gutters and downspouts. Learn how to maintain your gutters.
- Inspect roof and chimney for cracks and damage.
- Touch up peeling or damaged paint. Watch our video for ideas on troubleshooting exterior paint problems.
- Wash all windows, inside and out.
- Install screens on windows and doors.
- Clean outdoor furniture and air out cushions.
- Service your lawn mower.
- Fertilize your lawn.

Indoor Tasks
- Test smoke and carbon monoxide detectors when you set clocks forward.
- If your basement has a sump pump, test it by dumping a large bucket of water into the basin of the sump pump. This should activate the sump pump. If it does not switch on or if it's not pumping water, it may need to be serviced by a professional. Also, check for and remove any debris and make sure there are no leaks.
- Wash and change seasonal bedding.
- Dust blinds and vacuum curtains throughout your house.
- Clean kitchen and bathroom cabinets and throw away outdated food, medicine and cosmetics.

Summer

Outdoor Tasks
- Walk around your home's exterior and slide open crawl space vents at the foundation.
- Prune trees and shrubs. Check out our tips on pruning trees and shrubs.
- Remove lint from dryer exhaust vent with a long, flexible brush.
- Uncover central air conditioner and install window air conditioners.

Indoor Tasks
- Change or clean heating, ventilating and air conditioning filters. Consult manufacturer instructions for your furnace to determine whether you need to change filters more frequently. Learn more about choosing a filter. Get information on cleaning or replacing your HVAC filters.
- Clean kitchen appliances inside and out, including refrigerator coils.
- Maintain clean drains by adding a half-cup of baking soda followed by a half-cup of white vinegar. After 10 minutes, flush with boiling water.
- Drain or flush water heater.
Fall

Outdoor Tasks
- Clean gutters and downspouts. Get information on maintaining your gutters.
- Inspect roof and chimney for cracks and damage.
- Rake leaves and shred to use as mulch or dispose of them based on local guidelines.
- Close or install storm windows.
- Remove hoses from spigots and drain and store indoors, coiled and flat.
- Store outdoor furniture and cushions.
- Test snow blower and have it professionally serviced if necessary.
- Rake leaves.

Indoor Tasks
- Test smoke and carbon monoxide detectors when you set clocks back in the fall. See our carbon monoxide detector buying guide. Learn more about detecting and preventing carbon monoxide.
- Check windows and doors for weather-tightness and install weather stripping where it’s needed. Check out our tips on weather stripping windows and doors.
- Have furnace professionally inspected.
- If needed, set traps for rodents.
- Dust blinds and vacuum curtains throughout your house.
- Clean kitchen and bathroom cabinets and throw away outdated food, medicine and cosmetics.

Winter

Outdoor Tasks
- Walk around your home’s exterior and check the crawl space vents located at the foundation. Close any that are open.
- Protect your central air conditioning unit with a cover, and remove and store window air conditioners.
- Clean and store garden tools.
- Move snow shovels and snow blowers to a convenient spot.

Indoor Tasks
- Change or clean furnace filters. Consult manufacturer instructions for your furnace to determine how frequently the filters should be replaced. See our tips on choosing a home air filter and information on cleaning and replacing HVAC filters.
- Clean kitchen appliances inside and out, including refrigerator coils.
- Maintain clean drains by adding one-half-cup baking soda followed by one-half-cup white vinegar. After 10 minutes, flush with boiling water.
AVOIDING FORECLOSURE
Tips for Avoiding Foreclosure

Are you having trouble keeping up with your mortgage payments? Have you received a notice from your lender asking you to contact them?

› Don't ignore the letters from your lender
› Contact your lender immediately
› Contact a HUD-approved housing counseling agency
› Toll FREE (800) 569-4287
› TTY (800) 877-8339

If you are unable to make your mortgage payment:

1. **Don't ignore the problem.**

   The further behind you become, the harder it will be to reinstate your loan and the more likely that you will lose your house.

2. **Contact your lender as soon as you realize that you have a problem.**

   Lenders do not want your house. They have options to help borrowers through difficult financial times.

3. **Open and respond to all mail from your lender.**

   The first notices you receive will offer good information about foreclosure prevention options that can help you weather financial problems. Later mail may include important notices of pending legal action. Your failure to open the mail will not be an excuse in foreclosure court.

4. **Know your mortgage rights.**

   Find your loan documents and read them so you know what your lender may do if you can't make your payments. Learn about the foreclosure laws and timeframes in your state (as every state is different) by contacting the State Government Housing Office.

5. **Understand foreclosure prevention options.**

   Valuable information about foreclosure prevention (also called loss mitigation) options can be found online.
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
What is a Home Warranty Plan?

What is Covered Under Home Protection Plans?

By Elizabeth Weintraub, About.com Guide

The last thing a home buyer wants to worry about after closing is what could possibly break or malfunction in her new home. Since that can cover a multitude of items and systems, for peace of mind, it's a good idea to get a home protection plan. It's especially a good idea to obtain a home warranty if you're a first-time home buyer with no experience maintaining a home.

Who Pays for the Home Warranty?

Now, whether the seller pays for the home protection plan and home warranty coverage or whether the buyer pays for it, will depend on your local customs. It varies. In many locales, it's normal for a seller to pay for the coverage because it's a seller benefit. Why? Because then the buyer won't be calling the seller after closing if something breaks. Many real estate agents will also give buyers a home warranty as a gift at closing.

How Much does a Home Warranty Cost?

They are fairly inexpensive, typically ranging from $250 to $400, depending on coverage. Home warranty companies sometimes run special sales and either discount policy prices or offer additional coverage for the same price. The policies are prepaid for a year in advance, at which time they expire or can be renewed.

How Do They Work?

Although specific plans provide for specific types of coverage, most operate the same way:

- If a home system or appliance breaks or stops working, the home owner calls the home warranty company.
- The home warranty company calls a provider with which it has a business arrangement.
- The specific provider calls the home owner to make an appointment.
- The provider fixes the problem. If an appliance is malfunctioning and cannot be repaired, depending on contract coverage, the home warranty company will pay to replace and install the appliance.
- The home owner pays a small trade service fee (less than $100).

Types of Coverage

Because all plans differ, you will want to ask specifically what is covered. Ask your real estate agent if upgrades are available. Pay close attention to whether the home warranty company will pay for repairs to make certain types of systems or appliances compliant with new regulations.

What If I Disagree With the Diagnosis?

Sometimes a service provider will deny a claim. (See below.) If that happens or if you are unhappy with the service provided, call your real estate agent and complain. Your real estate agent, if she has a good working relationship with the representative from the home warranty company that is covering your home, well, she can seek resolution for you. Agents all over the country are going to be very upset at this suggestion, but it works. If my client calls me with a problem, I call my rep, and she eventually finds a way to work out a solution acceptable to all the parties involved.

In short, don't take "no" for an answer! Call your real estate agent.

What is Not Covered?

- Outdoor items such as sprinklers
- Faucet repairs are not covered under all plans
- Not all plans pay for refrigerators, washers & dryers or garage door openers
- Spa or pools, unless specific coverage requested
- Permit fees
- Haul away

What Can Cause Denial of Payment?

- Improper maintenance
- Code violations
- Unusual wear and tear
- Improper installation
General Coverage

- Air conditioning
- Dishwashers
- Doorbells
- Furnace / heating
- Water heater
- Ductwork
- Garbage disposal
- Inside plumbing stoppages
- Ceiling fans
- Electrical systems
- Range and oven
- Telephone wiring

Because coverages vary from state to state and from policy to policy, ask to see a sample copy of a policy before you commit.

At the time of writing, Elizabeth Wolstraub, DRE # 00697006, is a broker-Associate at Lyon Real Estate in Sacramento, California.

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Fun Sites for Homeowners

Apartment Therapy :: Saving the world, one room at a time.
www.apartmenttherapy.com/

Houzz :: Home Design, Decorating and Remodeling Ideas
www.houzz.com/

DIY Network :: Home Improvement & Remodeling Projects
www.diynetwork.com/

HGTV :: Decorating, Outdoor Rooms, Landscaping Ideas, etc.
www.hgtv.com/

IKEA Hack :: Pinterest
pinterest.com/ruestvincent/ikea-hack/

IKEA Hackers
www.ikeahackers.net/

Better Homes & Gardens :: Home Decorating, Remodeling, etc.
www.bhg.com/